

MISSISSIPPI

A GUIDE TO THE MAGNOLIA STATE

2020



Michael Watson

MISSISSIPPI

Mississippi is the 20th state admitted to the Union. Nicknamed both "The Magnolia State" and "The Hospitality State," Mississippi took its name from the Mississippi River which originates from the Indian word misi-ziibi, meaning "Great River" or "Father of Waters." David Holmes was chosen as the first governor of the State.

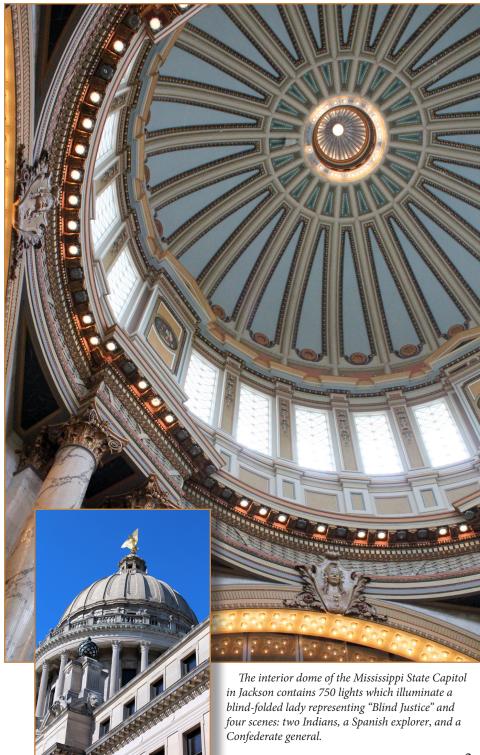
With a population of almost 3 million and a land mass of 48,434 square miles, Mississippi is the 32nd most extensive and the 31st most populous of the 50 states. The state's density is 62.5 persons per square mile. Mississippi is heavily forested, with more than half of the state's area covered by wild trees, including pine, cottonwood, elm, hickory, oak, pecan, sweetgum, and tupelo.

The State of Mississippi is entirely composed of lowlands. Situated at 806 feet above sea level, the highest point is Woodall Mountain in the northeastern corner of the state at the foothills of the Cumberland Mountains. The lowest point is sea level at the Gulf Coast. The mean elevation in the state is 300 feet above sea level.

For most of the year, the climate is mild, but becomes semi–tropical on the Gulf Coast. Summers are long, making it possible to grow crops from March through October. The average temperature in January is 48 degrees. The average temperature in July is 81 degrees, but more common daytime temperatures range in the 90s. The average rainfall is 52 inches and fall is the driest season.

The State Capital is Jackson.

Mississippi was admitted as the 20th state of the United States on December 10, 1817.



STATE SYMBOLS

Mississippi's Coat of Arms was adopted in 1894. Inscribed on the scroll is the state motto Virtute et Armis – "By Valor and Arms."

The Great Seal - The state seal has been in use since Mississippi became a state in 1817. The Seal was amended by an act of the 2014 Legislature to include the words "In God We Trust."

State Bird - Found in all sections of Mississippi, the mockingbird was selected as the official state bird by the Women's Federated Clubs and by the State Legislature in 1944.

State Flower and Tree - In 1900, the school children of Mississippi elected the magnolia as the state flower. **State Waterfowl** - Wood duck

State Song - "Go Mississippi"

State Fish - Largemouth or black bass

State Insect - Honeybee

State Shell - Oyster shell

State Water Mammal - Bottlenose dolphin

State Fossil - Prehistoric whale

State Land Mammals - Red fox and white-tailed deer

State Beverage - Milk

State Stone - Petrified wood

State Butterfly - Spicebush swallowtail

State Dance - Square dancing

State Toy - Teddy bear

State Soil - Natchez Silt Loam

Megnotia Megnotia Space 2002 Pluribus Unitri

Native Dominion Upon the first arrival of Europeans, the region

Europeans, the region which is now Mississippi was inhabited by three powerful Indian tribes: the Choctaws, Chickasaws, and the Natchez.

1540-1541

Hernando DeSoto, a Spanish Explorer, becomes the first known European to enter Mississippi. In the spring of 1541, he reaches the Mississippi River a few miles south of Memphis.

1673

Jacques Marquette and Louis Jollier begin exploring the Mississippi River on May 17. They reach Mississippi in July and explore as far south as the mouth of the Arkansas River near present-day Rosedale before turning back.

1682

Robert Cavalier de La Salle navigates the Mississippi River to its mouth and claims all lands drained by the river for France.

(French Dominion 1699-1763)

Pierre Le Moyne, Sieur D'Iberville, and his brother, Jean Baptiste, Sieur De Bienville, found the first European settlement at Fort Maurepas on the present site of Ocean Springs.



1716

Fort Rosalie is built on the site of present-day Natchez.

1729

French settlers at Fort Rosalie are massacred by Natchez Indians in an effort to drive Europeans from Mississippi, and hundreds of slaves are set free.

1732

The French, with help from the Choctaws, retaliate for the massacre at Fort Rosalie. The Natchez Indians are destroyed and cease to exist as a separate tribe.

1736

Bienville leads French troops in an attack on the Chickasaw Indians near present-day Lee County. He is defeated at the Battle of Ackia.

English Dominion, 1763-1779

1763

After the French and Indian War, Mississippi, along with all French territory east of the Mississippi River, passes into English control.

Spanish Dominion, 1779-1798

1779

Bernardo Galvez, governor of Spanish Louisiana captures Natchez.

CREATIVE CULTURE

Mississippi has a long, rich cultural heritage, touching the lives of people in every corner of the globe. Our ideas and the expressions of our creativity have both lasting value and economic power. Our artists, architects, writers, filmmakers, and other creative professionals represent a robust economic force, whose combined economic output produces more than \$2 billion in annual revenue, fueling more than 40,000 jobs across the State.

Contemporary music is rooted in Mississippi. The blues grew out of the Delta and other genres of popular music have been strongly influenced by Mississippians - gospel, country, R&B, rock, and jazz. Treks along the ever-growing Mississippi Blues Trail draw visitors from around the world to our State.

A remarkable number of writers have emerged from
Mississippi - William Faulkner, Eudora Welty, Tennessee
Williams, Margaret Walker Alexander, Richard Wright,
Willie Morris, John Grisham, and Kathryn Stockett,
just to name a few. Richard Ford is the state's
most recent Pulitzer Prize recipient, honored
in 1996 for his novel Independence Day.

Roots of Mississippi traditions can be traced though annual events that celebrate various influences on our culture – events such as the Choctaw Indian Festival, the Mississippi State Fair, the Blessing of the Fleet, the Neshoba County Fair, and the Delta Blues Festival.



Tupelo is the birthplace of Elvis Aaron Presley, regarded as the "King of Rock and Roll." His original home and surrounding property is now The Elvis Presley Birthplace historic museum, which is dedicated to his life as a singer, musician, and actor.



Tucked away in the small town of Leland along Hwy 82 is the Birthplace of Kermit the Frog Museum. Muppets creator Jim Henson spent his early years along the banks of Deer Creek in town and visitors can learn all about Kermit and the other muppet characters.

1781-1783

The Treaty of Paris, between the U.S. and Britain, transfers West Florida and the southern half of Mississippi to Spain. America gains Mississippi territory north of the 32 degree 28 minute parallel.

1797

America gains control of Natchez as Spain yields control of all land in Mississippi north of the 31st parallel. U.S. surveyor Andrew Ellicott was instrumental in the negotiation of this treaty.

1798

Mississippi is organized as an American territory. The first territorial governor is Winthrop Sargent.

1801

Mississippi advances to the second stage of territorial government.

1801-1802

Mississippi moves its territorial capital from Natchez to Washington, a small town near the Natchez Trace. A treaty with the Indians allows the Natchez Trace to be developed as a mail route and major road.

1803

The Louisiana Purchase opens the Mississippi River for commerce.



1805

The Treaty of Mount Dexter gives the U.S. government 4.5 million acres of land in exchange for canceling the debts owed by the Native Americans. The area includes the Piney Woods region of the state.

1812

The War of 1812 begins.

Mississippi's boundary east of the Pearl River is extended south to the Gulf of Mexico.

1816

The Treaty of Fort Stephens with the Choctaws opens 3 million acres of land around the Tombigbee Prairie for settlement.

State of Mississippi

1817

The Mississippi territory is divided. The western half becomes the twentieth state, Mississippi, on December 10, 1817. David Holmes becomes its first governor.

1820

Andrew Jackson and Thomas Hinds negotiate the Treaty of Doak's Stand, giving the U.S. 5 million acres of land that once belonged to the Choctaws.

MISSISSIPPI TRIVIA

- At 26 miles long, the Mississippi Gulf Coast is home of the world's longest one of these.
 What is it?
- 2. Which popular beverage was first put into bottles in Vicksburg in 1894?
- 3. In 1882, the world's first heavyweight championship fight took place in Mississippi City, now a part of Gulfport. What term was first coined during this bout?
- 4. Jackson's Davis Planetarium was the first organization to do what?
- 5. The largest antebellum mansion in Mississippi burned to the ground in 1890. What is its name?
- 6. A William T. Sherman necktie was on display at the Old Capitol Museum in Jackson for many years. What is its historical significance?
- 7. Mississippi has a ghost town. Do you know its name?
- 8. Friendship Cemetery in Columbus is known as "The place where flowers healed a nation." What national holiday is said to have had its start there?
- 9. There is a magnificent oak tree in Long Beach that is more than 500 years old. Do you know its name?
- 10. The only genre of music commonly recognized as truly original to America had its roots in Mississippi. What is it and where was it started?
- 11. There was a unique plantation located near Edwards. Boasting more than 3,000 varieties, what plant was grown there?
- 12. The Pascagoula River is called "The Singing River." Why?
- 13. The trophy from what famous 1870 riverboat race is on display at the Old Courthouse Museum in Vicksburg?
- 14. James Dodson Byron of Clinton developed what essential element of the space program?
- 15. What youth organization was founded in Holmes County in 1907?
- 16. Emerald Mound is the second largest one of these in the United States. What and where is it?
- 17. Mississippi has more of this type of farm than any other state. What is it?
- 18. A world-famous hat maker called Dunn's Falls his home after the Civil War. Who was he?
- 19. The first Mississippi chapter of this school–oriented association was founded in 1909. What is it?
- 20. The first African-American fighter pilot in the U.S. Navy was from Mississippi. What was his name and hometown?

(See page 22 for answers to Mississippi Trivia)

1822

The state capital is moved to Jackson and built on the site of Lefleur's Bluff. Jackson named for Major General Andrew Jackson, was one of the first planned cities in the country.

1830

The Treaty of Dancing Rabbit Creek cedes all Choctaw territory east of the Mississippi River to the U.S. Government. Most of the Choctaws leave the state.

1832

The Treaty of Pontotoc cedes all Chickasaw land east of the Mississippi (including north Mississippi territory) to the U.S. Government. The Chickasaws leave the state for Oklahoma, which is known as the Trail of Tears.

1839

Mississippi Legislature passes laws protecting the property rights of women.

1842

Governor Tilghman M. Tucker becomes the state's first chief executive to occupy the newly completed Governor's Mansion still used today.



1850

Mississippi is given title to more than 3 million acres of swamp and overflow land. By now, 310 miles of levees have been built along the Mississippi River. The Delta is drained, cleared, and becomes available for cultivation.

1861

Mississippi secedes from the Union on January 9. In July, Ship Island is captured by Union forces, giving them control of the Mississippi Gulf Coast.

1863

President Abraham Lincoln signs the Emancipation Proclamation on January 1, abolishing slavery in all Confederate states.

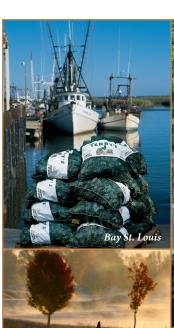
On July 4, Union soldiers gain control of the Mississippi River.

1864

General William T. Sherman led Union soldiers on a devastating march from Jackson to Meridian. The city of Jackson is nicknamed "Chimneyville" after an illustration of its burned ruins is published in the Illustrated Newspaper.

1865

General Robert E. Lee surrenders on April 9, signaling the end of the Civil War.











1867

A military government is established in Mississippi after the reconstructed government of Mississippi is rejected by the U.S. Congress.

1869

Under the leadership of Governor James L. Alcorn, Mississippi ratifies a constitution which establishes a statewide public school system and protects the voting and civil rights of former slaves.

1870

Hiram R. Revels becomes the first black senator in U.S. history. Mississippi is readmitted

Mississippi is readmitted to the Union on February 23, 1870.

1875

Reconstruction ends.

1890

The State Construction of 1890 is adopted.

1907

The boll weevil arrives destroying most of the state's cotton crop.

William H. Smith organizes the first of the state's "Corn Clubs," which led to the formation of the 4-H Clubs of America.

ATTRACTIONS

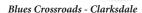
Travel and tourism are big business in Mississippi, generating nearly \$6 billion in revenue and attracting 20.8 million visitors to our unique places, events, cultural attractions, outdoor recreation, casinos, hotels, and restaurants. The visibility of our State's attractions is at an all-time high, and tourism's impact on the State economy continues to increase.

Our festivals, events, and cultural attractions are renowned. For more than 120 years, the Neshoba County Fair, dubbed Mississippi's Giant House Party, has been a long-standing annual tradition of colorful cabins, camaraderie, and political stump speeches. The Canton Flea Market is one of the largest and most popular outdoor arts and crafts markets in the South. Mal's

St. Paddy's Day Parade in Jackson is the second-largest of its kind in the U.S. Another tradition, the Delta Blues and Heritage Festival, has attracted visitors from every continent since 1978.

Annual pilgrimages such as those in Natchez, Columbus, and Holly Springs showcase historic homes, including many built during the antebellum and Victorian eras. The Crystal Springs Tomato Festival, Corinth's Slugburger Festival, Forest's Wing Dang Doodle Festival, and the Watermelon Festival in Mize all delight visitors with the sights, sounds, and flavors of our State. All told, several hundred unique events are held in Mississippi each year.

Music lovers flock to the Birthplace of America's Music to visit Elvis Presley's Tupelo birthplace, the Jimmie Rodgers Museum in Meridian as well as the B.B. King Museum and Delta Interpretive Center, the Delta Blues Museum, and other Blues landmarks along Mississippi's storied Highway 61.



1923

Two women, Senator Belle Kearny and Representative Nellie Nugent, are elected to the State Legislature.

1927

The Mississippi River floods about 3 million acres of Delta Land, making The Great Mississippi Flood of 1927 the worst flood in Mississippi's history.

1929

Mississippi's first commercial airfield, Hawkins Field, opens for passenger airservice in Jackson. Delta Air Service operated the first passenger flights from Dallas to Jackson.

1936

The State Legislature passes an amendment to balance agriculture with industry (BAWI Program). The Industrial Commission and the Advertising Commission are created to implement the program.

1939

Oil is first discovered in Mississippi. The state's first oil well is brought in near Tinsley, in Yazoo County, about 40 miles northwest of Jackson.

A small sign marks the location of this now abandoned well.

The Mississippi Blues Trail provides information and insight to the journey through the storied Mississippi Delta and beyond with interpretive markers posted at 199 sites statewide. The Mississippi Country Music Trail has 30 markers dedicated to date.

A new GRAMMY® museum opened March 5, 2016, on the campus of Delta State University in Cleveland, and offers 28,000 square foot of exhibits exploring



Mississippi's musical roots and an educational history of the GRAMMY Awards.

Mississippi's scenic beauty offers abundant opportunities for outdoor recreation. The 310 miles of the historic Natchez Trace Parkway within Mississippi provide a popular route for bikers and sightseers. Hikers and other nature lovers can choose from 25 state parks and abundant lakes and waterways. Hunting and fishing are also immensely popular. More than one million acres are available for hunting. Along the Gulf, Mississippi has the longest man-made beach in the U.S.

Every four years, the Capital City of Jackson hosts the International Ballet Competition at Thalia Mara Hall, drawing a worldwide audience for the acclaimed dance showcase.



1941-1945

World War II promotes an industrial boom in the state.

1948

Ensign Jesse L. Brown, a Hattiesburg native, broke the Navy's color barrier to become the first African-American fighter pilot. He was fatally shot down on Dec. 4, 1950, during the Korean War.

1954

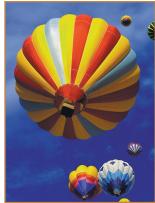
Brown vs. Board of Education, the Supreme Court's landmark decision that separate but equal facilities are unconstitutional, lays groundwork for desegregation.

1962

James Meredith enters the University of Mississippi, signaling the beginning of the end to segregation in the state's public universities and colleges.

1963

Medgar Evers, field secretary for the NAACP, is assassinated focusing public awareness on the struggle of the Civil Rights Movement.









Clockwise from top left: The Great Mississippi River Balloon Race is held every October in Natchez. Ground Zero Blues Club in Clarksdale is a mecca for music enthusiasts. The Historic Canton Courthouse has been featured in numerous films including "A Time to Kill." Eudora Welty's home in Jackson's Belhaven neighborhood is open to fans of the Pulitzer Prizewinning author.

1964

Congress passes the Civil Rights Act, outlawing segregation in public places.

1968

Robert Clark is the first black Mississippian elected to the Legislature in the 20th Century.

Judge O.H. Barnett rules that Choctaw Indians are subject to their tribal laws, reversing an 1830's ruling.

1969

Hurricane Camile wreaks havoc on Mississippi's Gulf Coast and areas inland. A unitary system of public education is mandated by federal courts, bringing an end to segregation in public schools.

1976

Evelyn Gandy begins her term as Lieutenant Governor. She is the first woman elected to the office and the first one elected to three different statewide offices.

1979

Easter Flood covers much of downtown Jackson as well as other towns along the Pearl River. The crest in Jackson was 43.25 feet on April 17, which was 25 feet above flood stage

ECONOMIC INNOVATION

Mississippi's tradition of conservative fiscal management, pro-business policies, and a balanced budget mandated by the State constitution have fueled small-business development and creative entrepreneurship. Our state's attractive business climate, abundant natural resources, and enviable quality of life have also captured the attention of many of the world's leading corporations.

When you consider Mississippi's near-ideal geographic position in the Americas, it is no wonder our State has become a magnet for transportation, distribution, and logistics businesses. We are surrounded by 800 miles of navigable waterways—the Mississippi River, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Tennessee-Tombigbee Waterway. Rail systems offer 2,459 miles of track, and six interstate highways providing easy access to markets east and west, north and south.



Aurora Flight Sciences

We are not just shipping products; we are also producing them. In 2016, we exported \$10.8 billion in shipments, with Canada, Mexico, Panama, China, and Guatemala as our top trading partners. Mississippi's resurging manufacturing sector deserves much of the credit for the State's economic growth. The State's key advantages in speed of permitting and competitive utility rates makes it a prime target for manufacturing. A highly-ranked



transportation network helps support delivery of goods in an efficient manner.

Toyota Motors manufacturing plant in Blue Springs

1982

Governor William F. Winter calls a special legislative session resulting in adoption of the historic Education Reform Act.

The first International Ballet Competition is held. 13

1983

Judge Lenore Prather becomes the first woman State Supreme Court Justice in Mississippi.

1985-1986

Judge Reuben Anderson becomes the first black Supreme Court Justice in Mississippi. Mike Espy is elected the first black congressman from Mississippi since Reconstruction.

1988-1989

A voluntary county unit system law is signed by Governor Ray Mabus.

Richard H. Truly, a native Mississippian, becomes the first astronaut to head Nasa.

1990

Mississippi Gaming Control Act is passed by Legislature for casinos on navigable waterways if local voters approve. Hancock County becomes first county to approve dockside gambling. First casinos open in 1992.

HOW DO I?

- Apply for a job in Mississippi?
 Visit the Mississippi Department of Employment Security website to search for openings.
 www.mdes.ms.aov
- Form a Mississippi Corporation or LLC? Search for a business entity in Mississippi? Visit the Mississippi Secretary of State's website and click on Business Services tab. www.sos.ms.gov
- ✓ Start a business in Mississippi?

 Visit the Mississippi Secretary of State's one stop shop for step by step instructions on starting your business. www.ms.qov/sos/onestopshop
- Assist businesses in starting or expanding in your area of the State?

 Y'all Business, a website created by the Mississippi Secretary of State's Office, aims to promote economic development by offering useful information to businesses looking to come to Mississippi or businesses looking to expand in Mississippi. www.yallbusiness.sos.ms.gov
- ✓ Update your voter registration information? See your sample ballot for a Statewide Election? Find your voting precinct?

 Visit the Secretary of State's Y'all Vote website to access Mississippi's online voter information center. www.yallvote.sos.ms.gov
- ✓ Find information about or locate a nearby hospital?

 Visit the Mississippi Department of Health website. www.msdh.ms.qov
- ✓ Find my Mississippi State Representative or Senator?

 Discover more about the Mississippi State House of Representatives and State Senate on the Mississippi Legislature website. www.legislature.ms.qov
- ✓ Find historic Mississippi landmarks?

 Historic Mississippi landmarks may be found at the National Register of Historic Places.

 www.nps.gov/nr
- ☑ Find Mississippi maps and highway information?

 Maps of the State of Mississippi can be found on the website of the Mississippi Department of Transportation (MDOT). www.goMDOT.com
- ✓ Find my school or district website?

 Mississippi school or school district websites may be found by visiting the Mississippi Department of Education website. www.mde.k12.ms.us

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1991 Kirk Fordice is elected the first Republican governor since Reconstruction.	1993-1994 Congressman Mike Espy becomes the U.S. Secretary of Agriculture. Governor Ray Mabus is nominated by President Bill Clinton to the ambassadorship to Saudi Arabia.	1996 Trent Lott becomes the U.S. Senate Majority Leader.	1998–1999 Records of the now defunct Sovereignty Commission are unsealed.	Osceola McCarty, a laundress from Hattiesburg, gives \$150,000 to the University of Southern Mississippi.

STATE GOVERNMENT

The Mississippi Constitution separates the total powers of state government into three distinct departments: executive, legislative, and judicial.

The state executive branch, headed by the Governor, has the duty and responsibility of implementing governmental programs and policies established by law.

The legislative branch consists of 52 Senators and 122 Representatives. The 1890 Mississippi Constitution places sole law-making authority in the bi-cameral

Mississippi's State
Capitol was built in
1903 at a cost of \$1.1
million. The Beaux
Arts style building was
totally restored from
1979 to 1983 for
\$19 million. It is
402 feet long
and 180 feet
to the top of
the dome.

Legislature, which
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Governor.

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Legislature, which also has the power of the purse, a constitutional provision stipulating no money may be spent from the state's treasury unless the Legislature passes a law to do so. The Senate exercises advice and consent over appointments made by the Governor.

Mississippi's judicial branch of government, headed by the state
Supreme Court, has the power of judicial review – ensuring our government operates according to the Mississippi Constitution. The state's trial court system includes circuit, chancery, county, justice, and municipal courts.

Mississippi is one of only five states which elects its state officials

in odd-numbered years.

Mississippi holds elections for these offices every four years, always in the year preceding a federal Presidential election.

On a local level, county, and municipal governments are also established according to Mississippi law.

2003

Governor Ronnie Musgrove signs two historic bills, placing education funding before all other state funding.

Nissan breaks ground in Canton on Mississippi's first automotive plant. 15

2005

The Natchez Trace Parkway is completed. 1938-2005.

Hurricane Katrina devastates the Mississippi coast and floods 80% of New Orleans. Damages estimated at \$75 billion.

2006

Eudora Welty House opens to the public.

The Mississippi Legislature establishes the Mississippi Commission on Civil Rights Education.

2007

Toyota breaks ground in Blue Springs on the \$800 million automobile manufacturing plant, boosting Mississippi's role as an auto manufacturing hotspot.

2008

The University of Mississippi hosted the first presidential election debate between Democratic nominee Barack Obama and Republican nominee John McCain.

STATEWIDE ELECTED OFFICIALS



Tate Reeves Governor

As the 65th Governor of Mississippi, Tate Reeves is a conservative leader focused on the principles of guarding taxpayers' dollars, improving educational opportunity, and growing new careers so the state's best and brightest can raise their families at home.

In 2003, Tate was elected as the first Republican and youngest treasurer in the state's history. His business training in the banking sector made him the state's foremost advocate for balancing the state budget while minimizing state debt.

He was elected in 2011 and reelected four years later as lieutenant governor, managing the state Senate. His conservative management helped fill the state's "rainy day fund" and reduce the debt burden. He fought for transparency in how agencies spend tax dollars and stronger reporting requirements on taxpayer-funded incentive programs.

Tate is a strong supporter of public safety and Mississippians' Second Amendment Rights. He is proud of the support of Mississippi's pro-life community as he fights for the rights of the unborn.



Delbert Hosemann

Lt. Governor



Michael Watson Secretary of State



Lynn Fitch Attorney General



Shad White State Auditor

CONTACT INFORMATION

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Michael Watson Office of the Secretary of State 401 Mississippi Street P.O. Box 136 Jackson, MS 39205 (601) 359-1350 FAX (601) 359-1499 www.sos.ms.gov

Lynn Fitch Office of the Attorney General P.O. Box 220 Jackson, MS 39205-0220 (601) 359-3680 www.ago.state.ms.us

Shad White Office of the State Auditor P.O. Box 956 Jackson, MS 39205 (601) 576-2800 FAX (601) 576-2650 auditor@osa.ms.gov www.osa.ms.gov

2010

A BP Oil rig blowout caused the nation's worst offshore oil spill in the Gulf of Mexico creating an environmental disaster along the Gulf Coast and triggering a far-reaching economic impact.

2011

The Mississippi River flooded causing \$2.8 billion in damage and tested the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers system of levees, reservoirs and floodways.

2013

Drawing world-wide acclaim, University of Mississippi Medical Center physician Hannah Gray cures a baby infected at birth with HIV.

2014

First election in Mississippi requiring voters to present an acceptable photo identification card at the polls in order to vote.

2017

The Museum of Mississippi History and the Mississippi Civil Rights Museum open in celebration of the state's bicentennial celebration

David McRae Office of the Treasurer P.O. Box 138 Jackson, MS 39205 501 North West Street, Suite 1101 Jackson, MS 39201 (601) 359-3600 David.McRae@treasury.

Mike Chaney Commissioner of Insurance P.O. Box 79 Jackson, MS 39205 (601) 359-3569 f(601) 359-2474 commissioner@mid.

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ms.gov

Andy Gipson Commissioner Agriculture & Commerce 121 North Jefferson St. Jackson, MS 39201 (601) 359-1100 f(601) 354-6290 www.mdac.ms.gov

Mississippi Public Service Commission Woolfolk Building 501 North West Street Suite 201A Jackson, MS 39201 www.psc.state.ms.us central.district@psc.state.ms.us northern.district@psc.state.ms.us southern.district@psc.state.ms.us

Transportation Commission Mississippi Department of Transportation 401 N. West Street Jackson, MS 39201 (601) 359-7074/ f(601) 359-7834) comments@mdot.ms.gov www.GoMDOT.com



David McRae State Treasurer



Mike Chaney Commissioner of Insurance



Andy Gipson Commissioner of Agriculture & Commerce

PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION



Brent Bailey
District 1
Central



Dane Maxwell

District 2

Southern



Brandon Presley
District 3
Northern

TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION



Willie Simmons

District 1

Central



Tom King District 2 Southern



John Caldwell
District 3
Northern

SUPREME COURT

The Mississippi Supreme Court is the court of last resort among Mississippi's state courts. Decisions of the Chancery, Circuit, and County Courts and of the Court of Appeals may be appealed to the Supreme Court. Nine Supreme Court justices are elected in non-partisan elections from three districts for staggered, eight-year terms.

Each justice participates in deciding appeals from the entire state. Decisions are by a majority vote of the court.



Michael K. Randolph Chief Justice



James W. Kitchens
Presiding Justice



Leslie D. King Presiding Justice



Josiah D. Coleman Associate Justice



James D. Maxwell Associate Justice



Dawn Beam
Associate Justice



Robert P. Chamberlin *Associate Justice*



David M. Ishee *Associate Justice*



T. Kenneth Griffis

Associate Justice

COURT OF APPEALS

The Court of Appeals is an error correction court and hears cases assigned by the Supreme Court when facts are in dispute. If the Supreme Court declines review of their case, the Court of Appeals decision stands.

- Chief Judge Donna M. Barnes
- Presiding Judge Virginia C. Carlton
- Presiding Judge Jack L. Wilson
- Judge Jim M. Greenlee
- Judge Deborah McDonald
- Judge Latrice Westbrooks
- Judge Cory T. Wilson
- Judge David McCarty
- Judge Anthony (Tony) Lawrence III

CONTACT INFORMATION

Mississippi Supreme Court

Gartin Justice Building 450 High Street Jackson, MS 39201 P.O. Box 117 Jackson, MS 39205 (601) 359-3697 FAX (601) 359-2443

Court Administrator and

Hubbard T. Saunders IV hsaunders@courts.ms.gov (601) 359-2182

Supreme Court Clerk's Office

Gartin Justice Building 450 High Street Jackson, MS 39201 P.O. Box 249 Jackson, MS 39205 (601) 359-3694 FAX (601) 359-2407

Court of Appeals

Gartin Justice Building 450 High Street Jackson, Mississippi 39201 P.O. Box 22847 Jackson, MS 39225 (601) 576-4665 FAX: (601) 576-4708

Administrative Office of Courts

450 High Street Jackson, MS 39201 P.O. Box 117 Jackson, MS 39205 (601) 576-4630 FAX (601) 576-4639

Mississippi State Law Library

Gartin Justice Building 450 High St. Jackson, MS 39201 P.O. Box 1040 Jackson, MS 39215-1040 (601) 359-3672 FAX (601) 359-2912

CONTACT INFORMATION

Senate Receptionist: (601) 359-3267

www.legislature.ms.gov

House of Representatives Receptionist (601) 359-3376 www.legislature.ms.gov

Legislative Switchboard Operator: (601) 359-3770 www.legislature.ms.gov

Lieutenant Governor Room 316 (601) 359-3200

President Pro Tempore Room 307 (601) 359-3209

Secretary of the Senate Room 308 (601) 359-4091

Speaker of the House Room 306 (601) 359-3300

Speaker Pro Tempore Room 302 (601) 359-3304

Clerk of the House Room 305 (601) 359-3360

2020 LEGISLATURE

SENATE (BY DISTRICT)



Dean Kirby President Pro Tempore

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The eagle atop the State Capitol Building's dome is made of copper coated with gold leaf. Its wingspread is 15 feet and the statue stands eight feet tall.

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(BY DISTRICT)



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Congressman Steven Palazzo - 4th Dist. Washington, D.C. Office 331 Cannon HOB Washington, DC 20515 (202) 225-5772 f(202) 225-7074

FEDERAL



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Senator Roger F. Wicker (R-Miss)



Trent Kelly (R-Congressman, 1st Dist..)



Bennie Thompson (D-Congressman, 2nd Dist.)



Michael Guest (R-Congressman, 3rd Dist.)



Steven Palazzo (R-Congressman, 4th Dist.)

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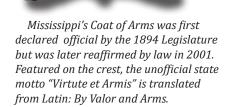
Answers to the Mississippi Trivia Section:

 The Mississippi Gulf Coast has the world's largest man-made beach.

Joseph Biedenharn, owner of Biedenharn Candy Company in Vicksburg, installed a bottling machine in his store, and became the first to bottle Coca-Cola.

 The term "knockout" was first used during the fight in 1882.

- The Davis Planetarium was the first organization to make a commercial movie in space.
- Windsor, near Port Gibson, was the largest antebellum mansion in Mississippi. In 1890, it burned to the ground (presumably at the hands of a careless smoker). All that remains of the Windsor mansion are its 23 remaining monolithic columns.
- A Sherman necktie is an iron rail heated over a fire and bent around a tree. This was the method Sherman used to render useless the railway system in the South.
- Four miles south of Alcorn is the ghost town of Rodney. One of 14. the last remaining landmarks of the former town is the Rodney Presbyterian Church.
- On April 25, 1866, the ladies of Columbus decorated Confederate
 and Union graves with flowers. As a direct result, Americans
 now celebrate what has come to be known as Memorial Day, the
 annual observance of recognition of our war dead.
- Friendship Oak measures over 50 feet in height, with a trunk over 17 feet wide.
- 10. The Mississippi Delta is the birthplace of Blues music.
- 11. The world's only cactus plantation was located near Edwards.
- To escape enslavement by the Biloxi Indian tribe, the Pascagoula Indians joined hands and began to chant a song of death as they walked into the river.
- In 1870, two riverboats, the Robert E. Lee I and the Natchez VI, raced each other 1,200 miles up the Mississippi River. The winning trophy is on display in Vicksburg.



- James Dodson Byrd developed the plastic used as a heat shield in the NASA Space Program.
- 15. The 4-H club was founded in Holmes County in 1907.
- Emerald Mound, the second largest Indian ceremonial mound in the U.S., is located northeast of Natchez, on the Natchez Trace Parkway.
- 17. Mississippi has more tree farms than any other state.
- After the Civil War, John B. Stetson became a famous hat maker, learning, and practicing his trade at Dunn's Falls (near Meridian).
- The first Mississippi chapter of the Parent Teacher Association was founded in Crystal Springs in 1909.
- Ensign Jesse L. Brown was a Hattiesburg native, who was shot down on Dec. 4, 1950, in the Korean War during the Battle of the Chosin Reservoir, Brown crash landed his F4U Corsair fighter aircraft and died from his injuries.

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