



Vision • Commitment • Pride

FOREST STEWARDSHIP MANAGEMENT PLAN

Prepared For:
Amite County Schools

Prepared By:
Travis W. Stewart
Miss. Forestry Commission

Time Period Covered by This Plan:
2012 - 2021

Date Plan Prepared:
2012-01-23

Plan Type:
Stewardship / Stewardship

This plan was developed in accordance with the rules of the Stewardship program.

Property Name: 1903N02E

MISSISSIPPI FOREST STEWARDSHIP PROGRAM

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LANDOWNER INFORMATION

Name: Amite County Schools
Mailing Address: P. O. Box 378
City, State, Zip: Liberty, MS 39645
Country: United States of America
Contact Numbers: Home Number:
Office Number: 601-657-4361
Fax Number:

E-mail Address:
Social Security Number (optional):

FORESTER INFORMATION

Name: Travis W. Stewart , Forester
Forester Number: 02367
Organization: Miss. Forestry Commission
Street Address: P. O. Box 242
City, State, Zip: Liberty, MS 39645
Contact Numbers: Office Number: 601-657-8754
Fax Number: 601-657-9251

E-mail Address: tstewart@mfc.state.ms.us

PROPERTY LOCATION

County:	Amite	Total Acres:	611	Latitude:	-91.03	Longitude:	31.22
Section:	19	Township:	3N	Range:	2E		

INTRODUCTION

This Forest Stewardship Management Plan will serve as a guide for accomplishing the goals and objectives for your property. In addition to addressing your specific goals and objectives, this plan includes recommendations for maintaining soil and water quality and protecting your forest from insects, disease, and wildfire. Recommendations are based on observation and assessment of the site.

DISCLAIMER

This information was derived from a small sampling of forest resources. It reflects a statistical estimation that is only intended to be accurate enough for the purposes of making decisions for the short-term management of these resources. These estimations are temporally static. Events and circumstances may occur within the survey area that will physically alter the forest resources and therefore will not be relected in this plan.

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OBJECTIVES

Timber Production

The goal is to produce high quality sawtimber. This will be accomplished through reforestation and timber stand improvement practices such as herbicide applications, prescribed burning, thinning at specified intervals, and other silvicultural practices. Forestry Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and protect water quality.

Wildlife Management - General

The goal is to provide a diversity of habitats suitable for a variety of game and non-game wildlife species. Habitat management will focus on developing a variety of food, cover, water, and space. This will be accomplished by establishing and maintaining access roads and firelanes, providing openings within the forest, and the management of trees located within the Streamside Management Zone

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

General Property Information

This section consists of 611 acres of which 585 are forested acres. The section is located 1 1/2 miles northwest of Gloster on Stump Road. This section has a major gas pipe line on the southeast corner.

Water Resources

No perennial water resources were identified during a reconnaissance of the property. However, intermittent streams and drains identified will be managed in accordance with Mississippi's Best Management Practices.

Timber Production

The goal is to maximize the production of high quality timber. This will be accomplished through the application of timely thinning and other silvicultural practices designed to enhance timber quality and growth. Forestry Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and protect water quality.

Threatened and Endangered Species

No threatened and endangered species were identified during the reconnaissance and evaluation of your property.

Interaction with Surrounding Property

Prescribed practices should be carried out in a manner that will minimize adverse impacts on surrounding properties. Consideration should be given to potential air, water, visual, and other impacts. In addition, practices carried out should have positive effects on the surrounding community such as improved wildlife habitat and soil stabilization.

Soils General

Soils were evaluated on the property to determine the suitability of the site for the proposed activities. Forest practices were planned so as to minimize erosion or other

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adverse effects on the soil. The following soils are identified for this property: Smithdale, Ariel, Providence

Archeological or Cultural Resources

These areas can range from churches, old cemeteries or Indian mounds to old home sites or other areas of historical significance.

No Archeological or Cultural Resources Were Identified:

No Archeological or Cultural resources were identified during a reconnaissance of the property. However, if Archeological or Cultural resources are discovered anytime on the property special managements measures will be applied immediately in order preserve these sensitive areas.

GENERAL PROPERTY RECOMMENDATIONS

Forest Protection

A healthy vigorously growing stand is the best defense to an attack from a variety of forest insects, plants and pathogens.

Insects and Diseases

Trees are subject to attack from insects and diseases. Different insects and diseases affect trees according to the age, species, and condition of the trees. Planted stands of pines and pure stands of hardwoods are particularly susceptible to attack. Since there are many different insects and diseases, no attempt will be made here to explain all of them. The property should be inspected at least annually for possible signs of insect and disease activity. Some things to look for are:

- Unseasonable leaf fall
- Discoloration of leaves or needles
- Pitch pockets on pine trees
- Heavy defoliation of hardwood leaves
- Groups of three or more dying trees within a stand

This list does not cover all instances of insect or disease attacks. If anything unusual is noticed, report it to a forester. In most cases, insect and disease problems can be controlled if discovered early.

Fire Protection

Your forest should be protected from wildfire at all times. The best way to protect your investment is by establishing and maintaining firebreaks around the property. Guidelines for establishment and maintenance of firebreaks may be found in Mississippi Forestry Commission publication #107, *Mississippi's Best Management Practices*.

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Grazing

Tree seedlings should be protected from grazing until such time as the terminal bud of the sapling is beyond reach of livestock. Domestic livestock should be denied access to the tree planting area.

Boundary Lines

It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all property lines and boundaries designating areas to receive forestry work are clearly identified and visible to all contractors.

Note: Some forest practices may cause temporary adverse environmental or aesthetic impacts. These practices will only cause short-term adverse impacts where they are installed. Special efforts will be made to minimize adverse effects when carrying out any of the practices. Examples include: site preparation, planting, prescribed fires, firebreak installation and maintenance, road installation and maintenance, pesticide applications and timber harvesting.

Wildlife Management General

The goal is to provide a diversity of habitats suited for a variety of game and non-game wildlife species. Habitat management will focus on providing a variety of food, cover, water, and space. This will be accomplished, in part, by establishing and maintaining access roads and firelanes, providing openings within the forest, and leaving mast producing and den trees.

Timber Management

Timber management goals for this property are to manage timber resources in such a manner as to maximize timber production throughout the life of the stand.

SOIL TYPES

Ariel

The Ariel component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on flood plains. The parent material consists of silty alluvium deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is occasionally flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 30 inches during January, February, March, April. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 95.

Smithdale

The Smithdale component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 8 to 35 percent. This component is on hillslopes. The parent material consists of loamy fluvio-marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high.

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Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 86. Longleaf Site Index = 69. Slash Site Index = 85.

Providence

The Providence component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 8 percent. This component is on uplands. The parent material consists of silty loess over sandy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fragipan, is 18 to 38 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 18 inches during January, February, March. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 87. Longleaf Site Index = 73.

STRATA

Strata 1 - Stands 3, 4, 17, 18

Strata Description

92.10 Acres

Stands 3 (10.03 ac), 4 (21.86 ac), 17 (8.36 ac), 18 (51.85 ac)

This strata consist of hand planted loblolly pine which was planted in January/February of 2007. The area was clear cut in late 2005, and chemically site prepped in the Fall of 2006. There are approximately 550 trees per acre.

Stand Recommendations

A first thinning is scheduled in 2021. Every fourth row will be removed with thinning to take place in the remaining rows. It will focus on removing poor quality, diseased, or poor formed trees. Residual stocking will be 70 square feet per acre.

A prescribed burn can be implemented to improve wildlife browse, reduce hardwood brush, and reduce wildfire danger. An understory of hardwood saplings and privet hedge could become a problem in this stand. This is a problem that would diminish the quality of forage available for wildlife, as well as, diminishing the quality of wildlife habitat and forest health. In the future, the stand may need to be chemically sprayed to control such species, or a prescribed burn could be implemented. Optimally both practices could be used. If the combination is used, the burn should be implemented on a 2 to 3 years rotation after the spraying is completed. This will restore a more healthy wildlife habitat and forest. The prescribed burn will help control the unwanted understory vegetation. The burn will also allow more sunlight to reach the ground, spurring growth of new forage for wildlife species. All roads and firelanes should be maintained annually, and the stand should be grown to a 35 year rotation.

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Harvest

A first thinning is scheduled in 2021. Every fourth row will be removed with thinning to take place in the remaining rows. It will focus on removing poor quality, diseased, or poor formed trees. Residual stocking will be 70 square feet per acre.

Strata 2 - Stands 2, 5, 7, 16, 23, 24

Stand Description

97.95 Acres

Stands 2 (53.11 ac), 5 (2.07 ac), 7 (1.26 ac), 16 (31.4 ac), 23 (6.11 ac), 24 (4 ac)

This strata consist of sub-merchantable pine plantation. This plantation was planted in January/February of 2001. There are approximately 500 trees per acre in these plantations. These stands are well drained, and they could be logged 8 to 10 months of the year. Accessibility to the stand is good.

Stand Recommendations

A first thinning is scheduled in 2018. Every fourth row will be removed with thinning to take place in the remaining rows. It will focus on removing poor quality, diseased, or poor formed trees. Residual stocking will be 70 square feet per acre.

A prescribed burn can be implemented to improve wildlife browse, reduce hardwood brush, and reduce wildfire danger. An understory of hardwood saplings and privet hedge could become a problem in this stand. This is a problem that would diminish the quality of forage available for wildlife, as well as, diminishing the quality of wildlife habitat and forest health. In the future, the stand may need to be chemically sprayed to control such species, or a prescribed burn could be implemented. Optimally both practices could be used. If the combination is used, the burn should be implemented on a 2 to 3 years rotation after the spraying is completed. This will restore a more healthy wildlife habitat and forest. The prescribed burn will help control the unwanted understory vegetation. The burn will also allow more sunlight to reach the ground, spurring growth of new forage for wildlife species. All roads and firelanes should be maintained annually, and the stand should be grown to a 35 year rotation.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

A first thinning is scheduled in 2018. Every fourth row will be removed with thinning to take place in the remaining rows. It will focus on removing poor quality, diseased, or poor formed trees. Residual stocking will be 70 square feet per acre.

Strata 3 - Stands 6, 13, 14, 15, 19, 20, 22

Stand Description

162.42 Acres

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Stands 6 (41.35 ac), 13 (19.34 ac), 14 (16.74 ac), 15 (7.05 ac), 19 (15.8 ac), 20 (53.52 ac), 22 (8.62 ac)

This strata consists of hardwood sawtimber with some pines scattered throughout. The understory consists of hardwood underbrush about 8 feet high. The strata is estimated to be approximately 62 years old with an average of 98 trees per acre. Due to the size of this strata, it will be divided into two different final harvests.

Strata Recommendations

This strata will be maintained until the final harvest planned for 2018. The strata will then be chemically site prepped and planted with 2nd generation loblolly pines.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

A final harvest will be scheduled in 2018 for stands 13, 14, 15, and 19.

Another final harvest will be scheduled in 2021 for stands 6 and 20.

Site Preparation

In 2019, an aerial application of herbicide will be applied following the harvest for stands 13, 14, 15, 19, and 20. The type of chemical and rates of application will be determined following the timber harvest.

In 2022, an aerial application of herbicide will be applied following the harvest for stands 6 and 20. The type of chemical and rates of application will be determined following the timber harvest.

Regeneration

In 2019, stands 13, 14, 15, 19, and 22 will be regenerated with genetically improved loblolly pine seedlings. Containerized seedlings will be used if available and will be planted on a 8 x 10 spacing.

In 2021, stands 6 and 20 will be regenerated with genetically improved loblolly pine seedlings. Containerized seedlings will be used if available and will be planted on a 8 x 10 spacing.

Strata 4 - Stands 9,11

Stand Description

82.05 Acres

Stands 9 (26.7 ac), 11 (55.35 ac)

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This strata consist of sub-merchantable pine plantation. This plantation was planted in January/February of 2006. There are approximately 600 trees per acre in these plantations. These stands are well drained, and they could be logged 8 to 10 months of the year. Accessibility to the stand is good.

Stand Recommendations

A first thinning is scheduled in 2020. Every fourth row will be removed with thinning to take place in the remaining rows. It will focus on removing poor quality, diseased, or poor formed trees. Residual stocking will be 70 square feet per acre.

A prescribed burn can be implemented to improve wildlife browse, reduce hardwood brush, and reduce wildfire danger. An understory of hardwood saplings and privet hedge could become a problem in this stand. This is a problem that would diminish the quality of forage available for wildlife, as well as, diminishing the quality of wildlife habitat and forest health. In the future, the stand may need to be chemically sprayed to control such species, or a prescribed burn could be implemented. Optimally both practices could be used. If the combination is used, the burn should be implemented on a 2 to 3 years rotation after the spraying is completed. This will restore a more healthy wildlife habitat and forest. The prescribed burn will help control the unwanted understory vegetation. The burn will also allow more sunlight to reach the ground, spurring growth of new forage for wildlife species. All roads and firelanes should be maintained annually, and the stand should be grown to a 35 year rotation.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

A first thinning is scheduled in 2020. Every fourth row will be removed with thinning to take place in the remaining rows. It will focus on removing poor quality, diseased, or poor formed trees. Residual stocking will be 70 square feet per acre.

Strata 5 - Stand 12

Stand Description

150.02 Acres

Stands 12 (150.02 ac)

This strata consist of sub-merchantable pine plantation. This plantation was planted in January/February of 2004. There are approximately 800 trees per acre in these plantations. These stands are well drained, and they could be logged 8 to 10 months of the year. Accessibility to the stand is good.

Stand Recommendations

A first thinning is scheduled in 2019. Every fourth row will be removed with thinning to take place in the remaining rows. It will focus on removing poor quality, diseased, or poor formed trees. Residual stocking will be 70 square feet per acre.

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A prescribed burn can be implemented to improve wildlife browse, reduce hardwood brush, and reduce wildfire danger. An understory of hardwood saplings and privet hedge could become a problem in this stand. This is a problem that would diminish the quality of forage available for wildlife, as well as, diminishing the quality of wildlife habitat and forest health. In the future, the stand may need to be chemically sprayed to control such species, or a prescribed burn could be implemented. Optimally both practices could be used. If the combination is used, the burn should be implemented on a 2 to 3 years rotation after the spraying is completed. This will restore a more healthy wildlife habitat and forest. The prescribed burn will help control the unwanted understory vegetation. The burn will also allow more sunlight to reach the ground, spurring growth of new forage for wildlife species. All roads and firelanes should be maintained annually, and the stand should be grown to a 35 year rotation.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

A first thinning is scheduled in 2019. Every fourth row will be removed with thinning to take place in the remaining rows. It will focus on removing poor quality, diseased, or poor formed trees. Residual stocking will be 70 square feet per acre.

OTHER PLAN ACTIVITIES

Boundary Lines

Routine inspections and general maintenance of the roads, Firelanes, and boundary lines will ensure overall appearance and aesthetics of the property.

Boundary lines will be surveyed in 2015 and repainted in 2020.

Line Description

The boundary lines are being established and maintained to protect school board property from trespass.

Line Recommendations

Once established, the boundary lines will need to be maintained on a 5 to 6 year rotation. Boundary lines will be surveyed in 2015 and repainted in 2020. Some boundary lines need to be resurveyed when an active timber sale is planned on that property line.

Activity Recommendations



Amite County Schools

S19, 3N-2E
2011 to 2021
610.57 Acres +/-



(12/13/2011)

0 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4 Miles



Amite County Schools

S19, 3N-2E
2011 to 2021
610.57 Acres +/-



AMITE COUNTY SCHOOLS S19, 3N-2E



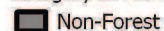
Property



Category 1: Stands



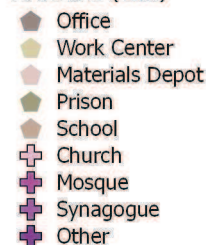
Category 3: Non-Forest Stands



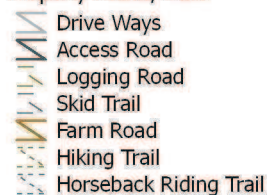
Structures



Structures (cont)



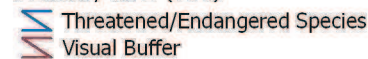
Property Roads/Trails



Boundary Lines



Boundary Lines (cont)



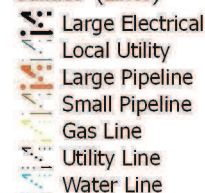
Transportation (Lines)



Hydrology (Lines)



Utilities (Lines)



Stand Activity Summary for
Amite County Schools
19 3N 2E

Filters Applied: County: Amite
Client Class: School Trust Land
District: Southwest District
Client: Amite County Schools
STR: 19 3N 2E
Activity:
Year: 2012 Through 2021

STR	Strata	Stand	Activity	Acre	Est. Cost	Est. Revenue
2018						
19 3N 2E	2	2	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	53	\$1,855.00	\$14,310.00
19 3N 2E	2	5	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	2	\$72.45	\$558.90
19 3N 2E	2	7	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	1	\$44.10	\$340.20
19 3N 2E	2	16	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	31	\$1,099.00	\$8,478.00
19 3N 2E	2	23	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	6	\$213.85	\$1,649.70
19 3N 2E	2	24	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	4	\$140.00	\$1,080.00
19 3N 2E	3	13	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	19	\$676.90	\$22,066.94
19 3N 2E	3	14	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	17	\$585.90	\$19,100.34
19 3N 2E	3	15	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	7	\$246.75	\$8,044.05
19 3N 2E	3	19	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	16	\$553.00	\$18,027.80
19 3N 2E	3	22	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	9	\$301.70	\$9,835.42
Yearly Totals				165	\$5,788.65	\$103,491.35
2019						
19 3N 2E	3	13	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Aerial, Combination	19	\$1,934.00	\$0.00
19 3N 2E	3	13	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	19	\$1,934.00	\$0.00
19 3N 2E	3	14	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Aerial, Combination	17	\$1,674.00	\$0.00
19 3N 2E	3	14	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	17	\$1,674.00	\$0.00
19 3N 2E	3	15	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	7	\$705.00	\$0.00

STR	Strata	Stand	Activity	Acre	Est. Cost	Est. Revenue	
19 3N 2E	3	15	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Aerial, Combination	7	\$705.00	\$0.00	
19 3N 2E	3	19	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Aerial, Combination	16	\$1,580.00	\$0.00	
19 3N 2E	3	19	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	16	\$1,580.00	\$0.00	
19 3N 2E	3	22	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Aerial, Combination	9	\$862.00	\$0.00	
19 3N 2E	3	22	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	9	\$862.00	\$0.00	
19 3N 2E	5	12	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	150	\$5,250.00	\$40,500.00	
				Yearlv Totals	285	\$18,760.00	\$40,500.00
2020							
19 3N 2E	4	9	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	27	\$934.50	\$7,209.00	
19 3N 2E	4	11	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	55	\$1,925.00	\$14,850.00	
				Yearlv Totals	82	\$2,859.50	\$22,059.00
2021							
19 3N 2E	1	3	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	10	\$350.00	\$2,250.00	
19 3N 2E	1	4	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	22	\$765.10	\$4,918.50	
19 3N 2E	1	17	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	8	\$292.60	\$1,881.00	
19 3N 2E	1	18	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly	52	\$1,814.75	\$11,666.25	
19 3N 2E	3	6	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	41	\$1,435.00	\$46,781.00	
19 3N 2E	3	20	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	54	\$1,890.00	\$61,614.00	
				Yearlv Totals	187	\$6,547.45	\$129,110.75
				Grand Totals	719	\$33,955.60	\$295,161.10