

# FOREST STEWARDSHIP MANAGEMENT PLAN

Prepared For: Greene County BOE

Prepared By: James Shumpert MS Forestry Commission

Time Period Covered by This Plan: 2012 - 2021

Date Plan Prepared: 2012-02-17

Plan Type: Stewardship / Stewardship

This plan was developed in accordance with the rules of the Stewardship program.

**Property Name: S16 - T3N - R5W** 

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## LANDOWNER INFORMATION

Name: Greene County BOE

Mailing Address: 528 West Oak Street

City, State, Zip: Leakesville, MS 39451

Country: United States of America

Contact Numbers: Home Number:

Office Number: 601-394-2364 Fax Number: 601-394-5542

E-mail Address:

Social Security Number (optional): 646000392

## FORESTER INFORMATION

Name: James Shumpert, Service Forester

Forester Number: 02470

Organization: MS Forestry Commission

Street Address: P.O. Box 428

City, State, Zip: Leakesville, MS 39451

Contact Numbers: Office Number: 601-394-2785

Fax Number: 601-947-2947

E-mail Address: jshumpert@mfc.state.ms.us

## PROPERTY LOCATION

County: Greene Total Acres: 663 Latitude: -88.49 Longitude: 31.22

Section: 16 Township: 3N Range: 5W

## **DISCLAIMER**

This information was derived from a small sampling of the forest resources. It reflects a statistical estimation that is only intended to be accurate enough for the purposes of making decisions for the short-term management of these resources. These estimations are temporally static. Events and circumstances may occur within the survey area that will physically alter the forest resources and therefore will not be reflected in this plan.

## INTRODUCTION

This Forest Stewardship Management Plan will serve as a guide for accomplishing the goals and objectives for your property. In addition to addressing your specific goals and objectives, this plan includes recommendations for maintaining soil and water quality and protecting your forest from insects, disease, and wildfire. Recommendations are based on observation and assessment of the site.

## **OBJECTIVES**

Timber Production

The goal is to produce high quality sawtimber. This will be accomplished through reforestation and timber stand improvement practices such as herbicide applications, prescribed burning, thinning at specified intervals, and other silvicultural practices. Forestry Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and protect water quality.

## Wildlife Management - General

The goal is to provide a diversity of habitats suitable for a variety of game and non-game wildlife species. Habitat management will focus on developing a variety of food, cover, water, and space. This will be accomplished by establishing and maintaining access roads and firelanes, providing openings within the forest, and the management of trees located within the Streamside Management Zone.

## PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

General Property Information

The section is located in east central Greene County and has no public roads near it. Access to this section is by Westervelt Timber Company woods roads off of Hwy. 57, Rounsaville Road, and Ervin Turner Road. Once, the section is accessed it has a good network of woods roads that runs throughout it.

The section is comprised entirely of forested stands with natural and planted pine regeneration, pine pulpwood stands, and branches and/or drains that head up and flow through it.

The soils are primarily sandy loam in nature. The east side of this section is on a high ridge and as you traverse west, you drop down into low wet flat ground on the west side of the property.

#### Water Resources

Several stream heads make up and flow across this section. Perennial and intermittent streams and drains identified will be managed in accordance with Mississippi's Best Management Practices.

## Archeological and Cultural Resources

These areas can range from churches, old cemeteries, or Indian mounds to old home sites or other areas of historical significance.

No Archeological or Cultural resources were identified during a reconnaissance of the property. However, if Archeological or Cultural resources are discovered anytime on the property special managements measures will be applied immediately in order preserve these sensitive areas.

#### Timber Production

The goal is to maximize the production of high quality timber. This will be accomplished through the application of timely thinning and other silvicultural practices designed to enhance timber quality and growth. Forestry Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and protect water quality.

## Threatened and Endangered Species

The property was evaluated for the presence of threatened and endangered (T&E) species. Evidence of gopher tortoises was found on portions of this property. A more intense survey should be conducted to identify all gopher tortoise burrows within the boundaries of the property. Management activities should be designed and implemented to protect this species where the tortoise burrows are found.

## Interaction with Surrounding Property

Prescribed practices should be carried out in a manner that will minimize adverse impacts on surrounding properties. Consideration should be given to potential air, water, visual, and other impacts. In addition, practices carried out should have positive effects on the surrounding community such as improved wildlife habitat and soil stabilization.

#### Soils General

Soils were evaluated on the property to determine the suitability of the site for the proposed activities. Forest practices were planned so as to minimize erosion or other adverse effects on the soil. The soils on this section are primarily sandy loam in nature.

## GENERAL PROPERTY RECOMMENDATIONS

#### Forest Protection

A healthy vigorously growing stand is the best defense to an attack from a variety of forest insects, plants, and pathogens.

#### Insects and Diseases

Trees are subject to attack from insects and diseases. Different insects and diseases affect trees according to the age, species, and condition of the trees. Planted stands of pines and pure stands of hardwoods are particularly susceptible to attack. Since there are many different insects and diseases, no attempt will be made here to explain all of them. The property should be inspected at least annually for possible signs of insect and disease activity. Some things to look for are:

- Unseasonable leaf fall
- Discoloration of leaves or needles
- Pitch pockets on pine trees
- · Heavy defoliation of hardwood leaves
- Groups of three or more dying trees within a stand

This list does not cover all instances of insect or disease attacks. If anything unusual is noticed, report it to a forester. In most cases, insect and disease problems can be controlled if discovered early.

#### Fire Protection

Your forest should be protected from wildfire at all times. The best way to protect your investment is by establishing and maintaining firebreaks around the property. Guidelines for establishment and maintenance of firebreaks may be found in Mississippi Forestry Commission publication #107, *Mississippi's Best Management Practices*.

## Grazing

Tree seedlings should be protected from grazing until such time as the terminal bud of the sapling is beyond reach of livestock. Domestic livestock should be denied access to the tree planting area.

#### **Boundary Lines**

It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all property lines and boundaries designating areas to receive forestry work are clearly identified and visible to all contractors.

**Note:** Some forest practices may cause temporary adverse environmental or aesthetic impacts. These practices will only cause short-term adverse impacts where they are installed. Special efforts will be made to minimize adverse effects when carrying out any of the practices. Examples include: site preparation, planting, prescribed fires, firebreak installation and maintenance, road installation and maintenance, pesticide applications and timber harvesting.

## Cogongrass Control

Cogongrass is present on every School Trust section in Greene County. While it appears that total eradication of this invasive species is impossible, every precaution must be made to prevent further spread. Treatment costs for cogongrass control are not addressed in the activities portion of this plan due to the uncertainty of the extent of cogongrass infestation on each section. An assessment is now being made to determine the best way to treat this problem.

## Water Quality Protection

The objective of the landowner is to protect, preserve and enhance all water sources on or transecting the property. This can best be achieved by implementation of Best Management Practices in all aspects of the management of the property.

## **Ecological Restoration**

Ecological restoration is the process of assisting the recovery of an ecosystem that has be degraded, damaged, or destroyed. A reconnaissance of the property has been conducted and no ecological restoration activities are recommended at this time.

### Timber Management

Timber management goals for this property are to manage timber resources in such a manner as to maximize timber production throughout the life of the stand.

#### Recreation

According to landowner objectives the recreational use of the property could prove to be an avenue for personal enjoyment or for generating income. An evaluation of your property should be conducted and a plan developed to accomplish your specific goals for recreational activities on your property.

## **STANDS**

1-1-M-PW-45-B (12 Acres)

## Stand Description

The stand is made up of small creeks and drains, which will be managed as a Streamside Management Zone (SMZ). The timber type is primarily hardwood pulpwood with some scattered slash pine sawtimber mixed in. The primary species of hardwood are sweet bay, black gum, red maple, yellow poplar, beech, magnolia, and water oak.

#### Stand Recommendations

The stand should have all merchantable pine that is over mature, damaged, suppress, and diseased marked to be remove when the adjacent stand's harvest is conduct. The basal area will be reduce to no lower than 55 so it will open the tree canopy and increase the diameter and height of the remaining timber. All Mississippi's Best Management Practices (BMP's) will be followed when harvest is conducted.

The stand is recommended to be managed as a corridor to provide wildlife species food and cover, and to preserve water quality.

## 2-2-P-PW-23-U (324 Acres)

## Stand Description

The stand contains loblolly pine which was planted in 1988 that is in the pulpwood and chip-n-saw product class. The higher ground is well stocked; however, the wet flats on the west boundary are moderately stocked. The stands average DBH is 8, with a basal area of 90, and 245 trees per acre.

#### Stand Recommendations

The stand is recommended to be thinned in 2018.

#### **Activity Recommendations**

#### Harvest

The stand should be thinned in 2018 to reduce the basal area to 65 and leave about 170 trees per acre.

## 3-1-M-PW-45-B (37 Acres)

## Stand Description

The stand is made up of small creeks and drains, which will be managed as a Streamside Management Zone (SMZ). The timber type is primarily hardwood pulpwood with some scattered slash pine sawtimber mixed in. The primary species of hardwood are sweet bay, black gum, red maple, yellow poplar, beech, magnolia, and water oak.

#### Stand Recommendations

The stand should have all merchantable pine that is over mature, damaged, suppress, and diseased marked to be remove when the adjacent stand's harvest is conduct. The basal area will be reduce to no lower than 55 so it will open the tree canopy and increase the diameter and height of the remaining timber. All Mississippi's Best Management Practices (BMP's) will be followed when harvest is conducted.

The stand is recommended to be managed as a corridor to provide wildlife species food and cover, and to preserve water quality.

## 4-1-M-PW-45-B (25 Acres)

## Stand Description

The stand is made up of small creeks and drains, which will be managed as a Streamside Management Zone (SMZ). The timber type is primarily hardwood pulpwood with some scattered slash pine sawtimber mixed in. The primary species of hardwood are sweet bay, black gum, red maple, yellow poplar, beech, magnolia, and water oak.

## Stand Recommendations

The stand should have all merchantable pine that is over mature, damaged, suppress, and diseased marked to be remove when the adjacent stand's harvest is conduct. The basal area will be reduce to no lower than 55 so it will open the tree canopy and increase the diameter and height of the remaining timber. All Mississippi's Best Management Practices (BMP's) will be followed when harvest is conducted.

The stand is recommended to be managed as a corridor to provide wildlife species food and cover, and to preserve water quality.

## 5-3-P-RP-9-U (189 Acres)

## Stand Description

The stand is natural slash and loblolly pine that was regenerated in 2001 after the final harvest of the sawtimber stand. However, in 2002, due to the low stocking in some areas

of the natural regeneration approximately 50 acres were inter-planted in second generation genetically improved loblolly pine seedling to meet the stands carrying capacity. The stand now has an average of 500 trees per acre.

#### Stand Recommendations

The stand is recommended to be thinned in 2020.

## **Activity Recommendations**

#### Harvest

The stand should be thinned in 2020 to reduce the basal area to 65 and leave about 170 trees per acre.

## 6-1-M-PW-45-B (14 Acres)

## Stand Description

The stand is made up of small creeks and drains, which will be managed as a Streamside Management Zone (SMZ). The timber type is primarily hardwood pulpwood with some scattered slash pine sawtimber mixed in. The primary species of hardwood are sweet bay, black gum, red maple, yellow poplar, beech, magnolia, and water oak.

#### Stand Recommendations

The stand should have all merchantable pine that is over mature, damaged, suppress, and diseased marked to be remove when the adjacent stand's harvest is conduct. The basal area will be reduce to no lower than 55 so it will open the tree canopy and increase the diameter and height of the remaining timber. All Mississippi's Best Management Practices (BMP's) will be followed when harvest is conducted.

The stand is recommended to be managed as a corridor to provide wildlife species food and cover, and to preserve water quality.

## 7-1-M-PW-45-B (58 Acres)

## Stand Description

The stand is made up of small creeks and drains, which will be managed as a Streamside Management Zone (SMZ). The timber type is primarily hardwood pulpwood with some scattered slash pine sawtimber mixed in. The primary species of hardwood are sweet bay, black gum, red maple, yellow poplar, beech, magnolia, and water oak.

#### Stand Recommendations

The stand should have all merchantable pine that is over mature, damaged, suppress, and diseased marked to be remove when the adjacent stand's harvest is conduct. The basal area will be reduce to no lower than 55 so it will open the tree canopy and increase the

diameter and height of the remaining timber. All Mississippi's Best Management Practices (BMP's) will be followed when harvest is conducted.

The stand is recommended to be managed as a corridor to provide wildlife species food and cover, and to preserve water quality.

#### 8-2-P-PW-23-U (4 Acres)

## Stand Description

The stand contains loblolly pine which was planted in 1988 that is in the pulpwood and chip-n-saw product class. The higher ground is well stocked; however, the wet flats on the west boundary are moderately stocked. The stands average DBH is 8, with a basal area of 90, and 245 trees per acre.

#### Stand Recommendations

The stand is recommended to be thinned in 2018.

## **Activity Recommendations**

#### Harvest

The stand should be thinned in 2018 to reduce the basal area to 65 and leave about 170 trees per acre.

## OTHER PLAN ACTIVITIES

Boundary Lines

Line Recommendations

The section's boundary lines are well established and recommended to be maintained on a five year rotation.

## **Activity Recommendations**

**Property Activities** 

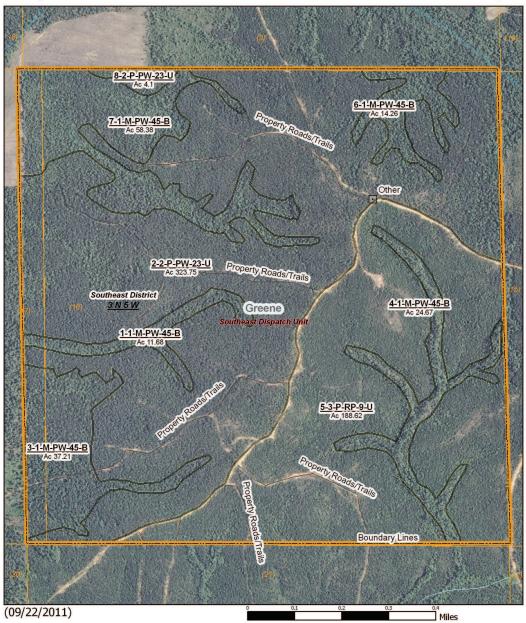
The boundary line will be painted in 2015, 2020, and will be maintained on a 5 year cycle. Routine inspections and general maintenance of the boundary lines will ensure overall appearance and aesthetics of the property.



## Section 16, Township 03 North, Range 05 West

Irvan Turner Road 2012 to 2021 662.68 Acres



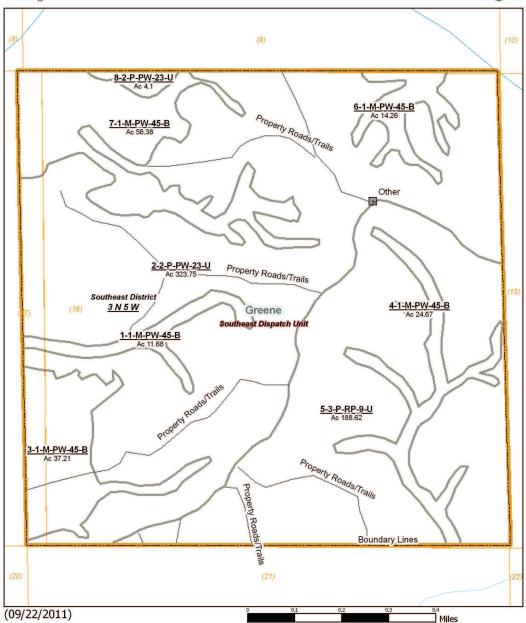




## Section 16, Township 03 North, Range 05 West

Irvan Turner Road 2012 to 2021 662.68 Acres



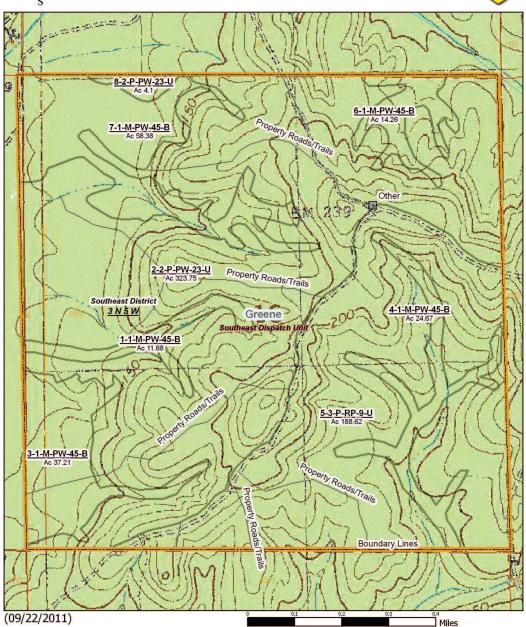




## Section 16, Township 03 North, Range 05 West

Irvan Turner Road 2012 to 2021 662.68 Acres





## Legend

# Section 16, Township 03 North, Range 05 West



Property (1)		
Category 1: Stands Pulpwood (7) Reproduction (1)		
Other  Towers (1)		
Property Roads/Trails  Access Road (9)		
MFC Basemap		
Share and reason are		
County Boundary	Public School Districts	Physiographic Region
County Boundary (1)	GREENE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (1)	Pine Belt (1)
Quadrangle Grid	US Congressional District	Soil Associations
USGS Quad (2)	US Cong Dist #4 (1)	mclaurin-savannah-susquehanna (1)
PLS Townships	MS Senate	trebloc-latonia-osier (1)
PLS Townships (1)	43 (1)	Surface Geology
	15 (2)	PASCAGOULA/HATTIESBURG (1)
Survey Districts	MS House	
District 5 (1)	105 (1)	MFC Districts
Blockgroup (Census 2000)	Perennial Streams	MFC Districts (1)
Blockgroup (Census 2000) (1)	Perennial Streams (1)	MFC Dispatch Units
Blockgroup (Cerisus 2000) (1)	Perennial Streams (1)	MFC Dispatch Units (1)
Block (Census 2000)	Hydrologic Units (Basins)	
☐ Block (Census 2000) (3)	LOWER CHICKASAWHAY RIVER (1)	MS Outline
Tract/BNA (Census 2000)	Historic Forest Boundary	MS Outline (1)
Tract/BNA (Census 2000) (1)	Longleaf Pine with Loblolly Pine-Slash Pine (1)	
I racy BIVA (Census 2000) (1)	Longlear Pine with Lobiolity Pine-Stash Pine (1)	
School Sections	MS Forest Habitat	
School Sections (1)	SOUTHERN LOAM HILLS-GENTLE TOPOGRAPHY (1)	
2.00	SOUTHERN CLAY HILLS (1)	

# Stand Activity Schedule for Greene County BOE 16 3N 5W

Strata	Stand	Activity			Est. Cost	Est. Revenue			
2018									
2	2	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly		323	\$11,305.00	\$107,998.28			
2	8	Harvest, Mechanical, 1st Thin, Machine, Loblolly		4	\$143.50	\$1,370.88			
			Yearly Totals	327	\$11.448.50	\$109.369.16			
2020									
3	5	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly		189	\$6,615.00	\$60,763.50			
			Yearly Totals	189	\$6,615.00	\$60.763.50			
			Grand Totals	516	\$18.063.50	\$170.132.66			