

FOREST STEWARDSHIP MANAGEMENT PLAN

Prepared For: Hinds County BOE

Prepared By:
John Randall Giachelli
MFC

Time Period Covered by This Plan: 2012 - 2021

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This plan was developed in accordance with the rules of the Stewardship program.

Property Name: 30-5N-2W

TABLE OF CONTENTS

| LANDOWNER INFORMATION | 3 |
|----------------------------------|----|
| FORESTER INFORMATION | 3 |
| DISCLAIMER | 3 |
| INTRODUCTION | 3 |
| OBJECTIVES | 4 |
| PROPERTY DESCRIPTION | 4 |
| GENERAL PROPERTY RECOMMENDATIONS | 5 |
| SOIL TYPES | 7 |
| STRATA | 8 |
| OTHER PLAN ACTIVITIES | 9 |
| PLAN MAP | 10 |
| PLAN MAP | 11 |
| PLAN MAP | 12 |
| STRATA ACTIVITY SCHEDULE | 13 |

LANDOWNER INFORMATION

Organization: Hinds County Schools Name: Hinds County BOE

Mailing Address: 13192 Hwy 18

City, State, Zip: Raymond, MS 39154 Country: United States of America

Contact Numbers: Home Number: 601-857-5222

Office Number: Fax Number:

E-mail Address: shandley@hinds.k12.ms.us

Social Security Number (optional):

FORESTER INFORMATION

Name: John Randall Giachelli, Service Forester

Forester Number: 02503 Organization: MFC

Street Address: 3139 Hwy 468 City, State, Zip: Pearl, MS 39208

Contact Numbers: Office Number: 601-420-6018

Fax Number:

E-mail Address: rgiachelli@mfc.state.ms.us

PROPERTY LOCATION

County: Hinds Total Acres: 653 Latitude: -90.44 Longitude: 32.25

Section: 30 Township: 5N Range: 2W

DISCLAIMER

This information was derived from a small sampling of the forest resources. It reflects a statistical estimation that is only intended to be accurate enough for the purposes of making decisions for the short-term management of these resources. These estimations are temporally static. Events and circumstances may occur within the survey area that will physically alter the forest resources and therefore will not be reflected in this plan.

INTRODUCTION

This Forest Stewardship Management Plan will serve as a guide for accomplishing the goals and objectives for your property. In addition to addressing your specific goals and objectives, this plan includes recommendations for maintaining soil and water quality and protecting your forest from insects, disease, and wildfire. Recommendations are based on observation and assessment of the site.

OBJECTIVES

The goal is to produce high quality sawtimber. This will be accomplished through reforestation and timber stand improvement practices such as herbicide applications, prescribed burning, thinning at specified intervals, and other silvicultural practices. Forestry Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and protect water quality.

The goal is to provide a diversity of habitats suitable for a variety of game and non-game wildlife species. Habitat management will focus on developing a variety of food, cover, water, and space. This will be accomplished by establishing and maintaining access roads and firelanes, providing openings within the forest, and the management of trees located within the Streamside Management Zone.

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

General Property Information

This property consists of mainly 500 non-forested acres. A school is located on the center of the property and can be accessed Highway 18. The 153 forested acres on the tract include mixed hardwood sawtimber and pine plantation. Aesthetics will be the major concern here and the timber will be managed accordingly. The sawtimber is mainly included in streamside management zones and may need select cut after future monitoring. The pine plantations will be grown to maturity for aesthetic reasons. There are no planned activities at this time because of the logging sensitivity on this section.

Water Resources

No perennial water resources were identified during a reconnaissance of the property. However, intermittent streams and drains identified will be managed in accordance with Mississippi's Best Management Practices.

Timber Production

The goal is to maximize the production of high quality timber. This will be accomplished through the application of timely thinning and other silvicultural practices designed to enhance timber quality and growth. Forestry Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and protect water quality.

Threatened and Endangered Species

No threatened and endangered species were identified during the reconnaissance and evaluation of your property.

Interaction with Surrounding Property

Prescribed practices should be carried out in a manner that will minimize adverse impacts on surrounding properties. Consideration should be given to potential air, water, visual, and other impacts. In addition, practices carried out should have positive effects on the surrounding community such as improved wildlife habitat and soil stabilization.

Soils General

Soils were evaluated on the property to determine the suitability of the site for the proposed activities. Forest practices were planned so as to minimize erosion or other adverse effects on the soil. The following soils are identified for this property: Grenada, Memphis, Loring and Riedtown

Archaeological and Cultural Resources

With Raymond High School and two major roads crossing on the section, forestry activities will be held to a minimum. The forested acres are in place to prevent erosion in the underlying streams. Timber will be grown to maturity to give a pleasing background to the school.

GENERAL PROPERTY RECOMMENDATIONS

Forest Protection

A healthy, vigorously growing stand is the best defense to an attack from a variety of forest insects, plants and pathogens.

Insects and Diseases

Trees are subject to attack from insects and diseases. Different insects and diseases affect trees according to the age, species, and condition of the trees. Planted stands of pines and pure stands of hardwoods are particularly susceptible to attack. Since there are many different insects and diseases, no attempt will be made here to explain all of them. The property should be inspected at least annually for possible signs of insect and disease activity. Some things to look for are:

- · Unseasonable leaf fall
- Discoloration of leaves or needles
- Pitch pockets on pine trees
- · Heavy defoliation of hardwood leaves
- Groups of three or more dying trees within a stand

This list does not cover all instances of insect or disease attacks. If anything unusual is noticed, report it to a forester. In most cases, insect and disease problems can be controlled if discovered early.

Fire Protection

Your forest should be protected from wildfire at all times. The best way to protect your investment is by establishing and maintaining firebreaks around the property. Guidelines for establishment and maintenance of firebreaks may be found in Mississippi Forestry Commission publication #107, *Mississippi's Best Management Practices*.

Grazing

Tree seedlings should be protected from grazing until such time as the terminal bud of the sapling is beyond reach of livestock. Domestic livestock should be denied access to the tree planting area.

Boundary Lines

It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all property lines and boundaries designating areas to receive forestry work are clearly identified and visible to all contractors.

Note: Some forest practices may cause temporary adverse environmental or aesthetic impacts. These practices will only cause short-term adverse impacts where they are installed. Special efforts will be made to minimize adverse effects when carrying out any of the practices. Examples include: site preparation, planting, prescribed fires, firebreak installation and maintenance, road installation and maintenance, pesticide applications and timber harvesting.

Water Quality Protection

The objective of the landowner is to protect, preserve and enhance all water sources on or transecting the property. This can best be achieved by implementation of Best Management Practices in all aspects of the management of the property.

Aesthetics

The goal is to assure that the property is managed in such a way that is aesthetically pleasing to the landowner as well as the community. Activities could include, maintaining buffer strips along the road and adjacent to the home site, planting wildflowers along the road, and trees with attractive fall and spring color along the drive and near the home site.

Ecological Restoration

Ecological restoration is the process of assisting the recovery of an ecosystem that has be degraded, damaged, or destroyed. A reconnaissance of the property has been conducted and no ecological restoration activities are recommended at this time.

Wildlife Mgt. Target Species

The objective of this practice is to provide habitat best suited for the featured or target species. Habitat management will focus on providing food, cover, water, and space to facilitate the target species.

Environmental Education

Environmental educational goals are to provide educational opportunities for children and adults through the development of items such as nature trails with tree identification markers, wildlife viewing areas, picnic areas, parking, public restroom facilities.

Wildlife Management General

The goal is to provide a diversity of habitats suited for a variety of game and non-game wildlife species. Habitat management will focus on providing a variety of food, cover, water, and space. This will be accomplished, in part, by establishing and maintaining

access roads and firelanes, providing openings within the forest, and leaving mast producing and den trees.

Timber Management

Timber management goals for this property are to manage timber resources in such a manner as to maximize timber production throughout the life of the stand.

Recreation

According to landowner objectives the recreational use of the property could prove to be an avenue for personal enjoyment or for generating income. An evaluation of your property should be conducted and a plan developed to accomplish your specific goals for recreational activities on your property.

SOIL TYPES

Grenada

Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on uplands. The parent material consists of loess deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fragipan, is 18 to 36 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 23 inches during January, February, March, April. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 95. Slash Site Index = 95.

Memphis

Slopes are 8 to 17 percent. This component is on uplands. The parent material consists of loess deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 105.

Loring

Slopes are 2 to 17 percent. This component is on uplands. The parent material consists of loess deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fragipan, is 14 to 35 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 18 inches during January, February, March, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 95.

Riedtown

Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on flood plains. The parent material consists of silty alluvium deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is occasionally flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 30 inches during January, February, March, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

STRATA

Strata 1
Strata Description

Strata 1: Stands 1, 3, 4 and 9

Acres: 114

This is a natural pine and mixed hardwood stand that is approximately 50 years old. The area is well stocked and is interlaced with steams and acts as an aesthetic buffer for Highway 18 and Raymond High School.

Strata Recommendations

These stands will be managed to 65 to 75 year rotation. During this time frame management activities such as thinning from underneath to remove poor quality and overcrowded trees will be done. At the end of the rotation, a final harvest will be conducted and reforestation activities will be completed to return these stands to full production. No activities are planned at this time. A harvest may be needed in case of storm or bug damage.

Strata 2

Strata Description

Strata 2: Stands 6 and 7

Acres: 27

This is a well stocked Loblolly Pine plantation that is in the sawtimber stage. The strata is approximately 22 years old and is growing well.

Strata Recommendations

These stands will be managed to 65 to 75 year rotation. During this time frame management activities such as thinning from underneath to remove poor quality and overcrowded trees will be done. At the end of the rotation, a final harvest will be conducted and reforestation activities will be completed to return these stands to full production. This strata will be monitored during this plan and will need a harvest when financial maturity is at a peak. No activities are planned at this time.

OTHER PLAN ACTIVITIES

Boundary Lines

Line Description

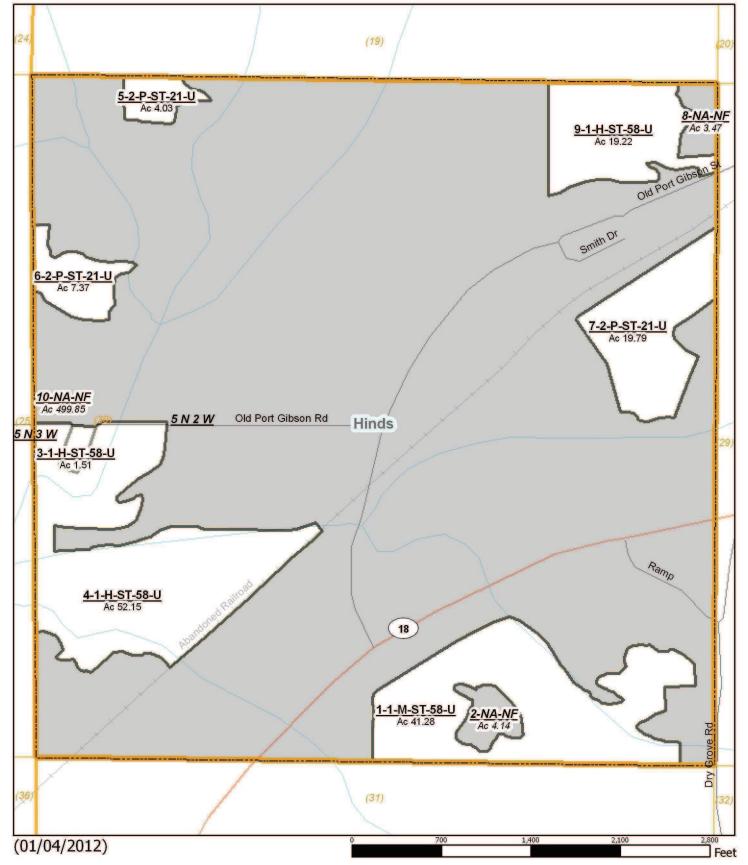
Boundary lines will be repainted on a five year rotation to prevent trespassing and timber theft.



Hinds County Schools

SEC. 30 TWN 5N RGE 2W 2012 to 2021 652.82 Acres



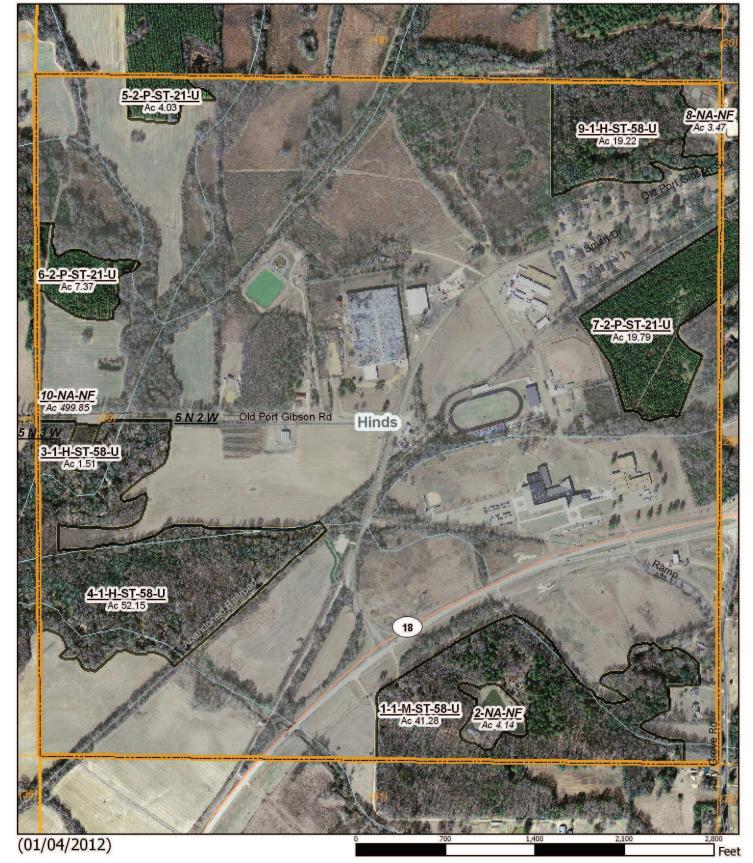




Hinds County Schools

SEC. 30 TWN 5N RGE 2W 2012 to 2021 652.82 Acres





Hinds County Schools



Property
Property (1)

Category 1: Stands
Sawtimber (7)

Category 3: Non-Forest Stands
Non-Forest (3)

MFC Basemap

County Boundary County Boundary (1) Quadrangle Grid USGS Quad (2) PLS Townships PLS Townships (2) Survey Districts District 2 (1) Blockgroup (Census 2000) Blockgroup (Census 2000) (3) Block (Census 2000) Block (Census 2000) (17) Tract/BNA (Census 2000) ☐ Tract/BNA (Census 2000) (1) County Roads County Roads (9) US/State Highways State Highway (1) Abandoned Railroads Abandoned Railroads (1)

School Sections (1) **Public School Districts** HINDS COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT (1) US Congressional District US Cong Dist #2 (1) MS Senate 36 (1) 26 (1) MS House 73 (1) 63 (1) Intermittent Streams Intermittent Streams (13) Hydrologic Units (Basins) LOWER BIG BLACK RIVER (1) Historic Forest Boundary Loblolly/Shortleaf Pine-Oak (1) MS Forest Habitat DEEP LOESS PLAINS (1)

School Sections

Physiographic Region

SOUTH CENTRAL HILLS (1)

Soil Associations
memphis-loring-collins (1)
riedtown-oaklimeter-ariel (1)

Surface Geology
CATAHOULA (1)

Recreational Facilities
Historic Park / Cultural Park / Facility (1)

MFC Districts
MFC Districts (1)

MFC Dispatch Units
MFC Dispatch Units
MFC Dispatch Units (1)

MS Outline
MS Outline (1)

Stand Activity Schedule for Hinds County Schools 30 5N 2W

| Strata | Stand | and Activity | | Acre | Est. Cost | Est. Revenue |
|--------|-------|--------------|---------------|------|--------------|-----------------|
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | Yearly Totals | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |
| | | | Grand Totals | 0 | \$0.00 | \$0.00 |