



Vision • Commitment • Pride

FOREST STEWARDSHIP MANAGEMENT PLAN

Prepared For:
Jefferson County Schools

Prepared By:
J. Ted Ratcliff
Miss. Forestry Comm.

Time Period Covered by This Plan:
2012 - 2021

Date Plan Prepared:
2012-01-04

Plan Type:
Stewardship / Stewardship

This plan was developed in accordance with the rules of the Stewardship program.

Property Name: 16-8N-2E

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LANDOWNER INFORMATION

Organization: Jefferson County Schools
Name: Jefferson County Schools
Mailing Address: P.O. Box 157
City, State, Zip: Fayette, MS 39069
Country: United States of America
Contact Numbers: Home Number:
Office Number: 601-786-3791
Fax Number:
E-mail Address:
Social Security Number (optional): 640000000

FORESTER INFORMATION

Name: J. Ted Ratcliff, Service Forester
Forester Number: 00717
Organization: Miss. Forestry Comm.
Street Address: P. O. Box 452
City, State, Zip: Meadville, MS 39653
Contact Numbers: Office Number: 601-754-9111
Fax Number: 601-384-2437
E-mail Address: tratcliff@mfc.state.ms.us

PROPERTY LOCATION

County: Jefferson Total Acres: 627 Latitude: -90.98 Longitude: 31.66
Section: 16 Township: 8N Range: 2E

INTRODUCTION

This Forest Stewardship Management Plan will serve as a guide for accomplishing the goals and objectives for your property. In addition to addressing your specific goals and objectives, this plan includes recommendations for maintaining soil and water quality and protecting your forest from insects, disease, and wildfire. Recommendations are based on observation and assessment of the site.

OBJECTIVES

Timber Production

The goal is to produce high quality sawtimber. This will be accomplished through reforestation and timber stand improvement practices such as herbicide applications, prescribed burning, thinning at specified intervals, and other silvicultural practices. Forestry Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and protect water quality.

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Wildlife Management - General

The goal is to provide a diversity of habitats suitable for a variety of game and non-game wildlife species. Habitat management will focus on developing a variety of food, cover, water, and space. This will be accomplished by establishing and maintaining access roads and firelanes, providing openings within the forest, and the management of trees located within the Streamside Management Zone

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

General Property Information

This section is located in the south central portion of the county and is easily accessible by Highway 28 that disects the section running east and west. Puffer and Ebenezer Roads come through the section and connect to Highway 28. Approximately 612 acres are forested, of the 627 total acres. The predominant age of the timber is old growth, being 65 years of age or older. The terrain is gently rolling to steep. There are ridge roads throughout the property. The tower area located at the intersection of Ebenezer Road and Highway 28 houses the workstation for the Mississippi Forestry Commission's Jefferson County crew.

Water Resources

No perennial water resources were identified during a reconnaissance of the property. However, intermittent streams and drains identified will be managed in accordance with Mississippi's Best Management Practices.

Timber Production

The goal is to maximize the production of high quality timber. This will be accomplished through the application of timely thinning and other silvicultural practices designed to enhance timber quality and growth. Forestry Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and protect water quality.

Threatened and Endangered Species

No threatened and endangered species were identified during the reconnaissance and evaluation of your property.

Interaction with Surrounding Property

Prescribed practices should be carried out in a manner that will minimize adverse impacts on surrounding properties. Consideration should be given to potential air, water, visual, and other impacts. In addition, practices carried out should have positive effects on the surrounding community such as improved wildlife habitat and soil stabilization.

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Soils General

Soils were evaluated on the property to determine the suitability of the site for the proposed activities. Forest practices were planned so as to minimize erosion or other adverse effects on the soil. The following soils are identified for this property: Loring, Memphis and Smithdale.

Archeological or Cultural Resources

These areas can range from churches, old cemeteries, or Indian mounds to old home sites or other areas of historical significance.

No Archeological or Cultural Resources Were Identified

No Archeological or Cultural Resources Were Identified during the reconnaissance of the property. However, if Archeological or Cultural Resources are discovered anytime on the property special management measures will be applied immediately to preserve these sensitive areas.

GENERAL PROPERTY RECOMMENDATIONS

Forest Protection

A healthy vigorously growing stand is the best defense to an attack from a variety of forest insects, plants and pathogens.

Insects and Diseases

Trees are subject to attack from insects and diseases. Different insects and diseases affect trees according to the age, species, and condition of the trees. Planted stands of pines and pure stands of hardwoods are particularly susceptible to attack. Since there are many different insects and diseases, no attempt will be made here to explain all of them.

The property should be inspected at least annually for possible signs of insect and disease activity. Some things to look for are:

- Unseasonable leaf fall
- Discoloration of leaves or needles
- Pitch pockets on pine trees
- Heavy defoliation of hardwood leaves
- Groups of three or more dying trees within a stand

This list does not cover all instances of insect or disease attacks. If anything unusual is noticed, report it to a forester. In most cases, insect and disease problems can be controlled if discovered early.

Fire Protection

Your forest should be protected from wildfire at all times. The best way to protect your investment is by establishing and maintaining firebreaks around the property. Guidelines

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for establishment and maintenance of firebreaks may be found in Mississippi Forestry Commission publication #107, *Mississippi's Best Management Practices*.

Grazing

Tree seedlings should be protected from grazing until such time as the terminal bud of the sapling is beyond reach of livestock. Domestic livestock should be denied access to the tree planting area.

Boundary Lines

It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all property lines and boundaries designating areas to receive forestry work are clearly identified and visible to all contractors.

Note: Some forest practices may cause temporary adverse environmental or aesthetic impacts. These practices will only cause short-term adverse impacts where they are installed. Special efforts will be made to minimize adverse effects when carrying out any of the practices. Examples include: site preparation, planting, prescribed fires, firebreak installation and maintenance, road installation and maintenance, pesticide applications and timber harvesting.

Water Quality Protection

The objective of the landowner is to protect, preserve and enhance all water sources on or transecting the property. This can best be achieved by implementation of Best Management Practices in all aspects of the management of the property.

Aesthetics

The goal is to assure that the property is managed in such a way that is aesthetically pleasing to the landowner as well as the community. Activities could include, maintaining buffer strips along the road and adjacent to the home site, planting wildflowers along the road, and trees with attractive fall and spring color along the drive and near the home site.

Ecological Restoration

Ecological restoration is the process of assisting the recovery of an ecosystem that has been degraded, damaged, or destroyed. A reconnaissance of the property has been conducted and no ecological restoration activities are recommended at this time.

Wildlife Mgt. Target Species

The objective of this practice is to provide habitat best suited for the featured or target species. Habitat management will focus on providing food, cover, water, and space to facilitate the target species.

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Environmental Education

Environmental educational goals are to provide educational opportunities for children and adults through the development of items such as nature trails with tree identification markers, wildlife viewing areas, picnic areas, parking, public restroom facilities.

Wildlife Management General

The goal is to provide a diversity of habitats suited for a variety of game and non-game wildlife species. Habitat management will focus on providing a variety of food, cover, water, and space. This will be accomplished, in part, by establishing and maintaining access roads and firelanes, providing openings within the forest, and leaving mast producing and den trees.

Timber Management

Timber management goals for this property are to manage timber resources in such a manner as to maximize timber production throughout the life of the stand.

Recreation

According to landowner objectives the recreational use of the property could prove to be an avenue for personal enjoyment or for generating income. An evaluation of your property should be conducted and a plan developed to accomplish your specific goals for recreational activities on your property.

SOIL TYPES

Loring

Loring soils are found on this section. Slopes are 5 to 8 percent. This component is on uplands. The parent material consists of loess deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fragipan, is 14 to 35 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 28 inches during January, February, March, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 95.

Memphis

Memphis soils are found on this section. Slopes are 5 to 8 percent. This component is on uplands. The parent material consists of loess deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface

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horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 105.

Smithdale

Smithdale soils are found on this section. Slopes are 17 to 40 percent. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. The Lexington component makes up 35 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 12 to 20 percent. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 6e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

STRATA

Strata 0 (Stand 9)

Strata Description

This strata is composed of 10 acres of mixed hardwood and pine and will be managed as a Streamside Management Zone (SMZ). These stands will be managed to protect stream banks and water way integrity. These stands will be thinned when adjoining stands have scheduled harvest.

Strata Recommendations

Since this strata will be managed as a permanent SMZ, only selective cutting will occur in these areas. Selective cutting will occur as adjoining sales are performed. The harvesting will focus on removing the mature timber and will not remove more than 50 percent of the existing stand.

Strata 1 (Stand 2 and 13)

Stand Description

This area (28 acres) is made up of a mature stand of predominately loblolly pine with smaller areas of large mature hardwoods mixed in.

Stand Recommendations

This stand will be managed as a loblolly pine timber stand throughout the rotation and be harvested at maturity to be regenerated back into loblolly pine.

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Activity Recommendations

Harvest

This stand will be harvested with a clear cut in 2017. Volumes to sale will be determined with a minimum of 10 % cruise.

Site Preparation

The heavy site preparation needed will be an aerial application of herbicides to be completed prior to October 24, 2018. The objective of the herbicide application will be to kill the competing vegetation currently on the site. The herbicides to use and the rate of application will be prescribed by a herbicide specialist.

Regeneration

This area will be planted with genetically improved, containerized loblolly seedlings. Spacing will be done on a 8 foot by 10 foot spacing, yielding 544 seedlings per acre.

Strata 2 (Stand 1)

Stand Description

This stand consist of approximately 111 acres of saplings to pulpwood size trees. It was naturally seeded with the seed tree method in 1986. Pine is the predominate species on the ridges and upper slopes. But there are areas with just hardwood regeneration. The stand is just now developing enough to be thinned in the next several years.

Stand Recommendations

This stand will be managed as a loblolly pine plantation throughout the rotation and be harvested at maturity to be regenerated back into loblolly pine.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

Our plans are to conduct a first thinning operation in 2012, with a pay as cut harvester select thinning. Corridors to be cut by buyer to allow access because of poor row integrity. Corridors will not be wider than 20 feet and at a minimum of 30 feet apart. Remaining basal area will be 70-80 sq. feet per acre, made up of crop trees which is considered to be potentially sawtimber quality. Trees to be thinned will only be pulpwood size, lower quality form, overcrowded suppressed or diseased stems.

Fire Protection

A prescribed burn should be carried out on this property in the late fall or early winter of 2015 and be repeated on a two or three year rotation thereafter. Prescribed fire when used correctly can greatly benefit the health and vigor of a stand. It reduces the undesirable tree species that often crowd out or suppress pines. These unwanted

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understory trees and shrubs species not only compete for water, nutrients, and growing space, but often contain dead needles and leaves that act as ladder fuels allowing a fire to climb into the overstory crowns. Prescribed fire also reduces the hazardous fuel loads within the stand and prevents damage in the event of a wildfire.

Harvest

This stand should require the second thinning to reduce basal area by the year 2018. This thinning should be predominately chip and saw and small sawtimber.

Strata 3 (Stands 4 and 10)

Stand Description

This strata (57 acres) is made up of a mature stand of predominately loblolly pine with smaller areas of large mature hardwoods mixed in.

Stand Recommendations

This stand will be managed as a loblolly pine timber stand throughout the rotation and be harvested at maturity to be regenerated back into loblolly pine.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

This stand will be harvested with a clear cut in 2017. Volumes to sale will be determined with a minimum of 10 % cruise.

Site Preparation

This area will be site prepared by aerial herbicide application in 2018. Chemical and rates will be determined following the harvest.

Regeneration

This area will be planted with genetically improved, containerized loblolly seedlings. Spacing will be done on a 8 foot by 10 foot spacing, yielding 544 seedlings per acre.

Strata 4 (Stand 5)

Stand Description

This stand is an estimated 112.5 acres of clearcut woodlands harvested in the late winter of 2010. The site was sprayed with an application of herbicides in the summer of 2010 and was reforested by hand planting loblolly pine seedlings prior to March 1, 2011. The site is well drained uplands.

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Stand Recommendations

This stand will be managed as a loblolly pine plantation throughout the rotation and be harvested at maturity to be regenerated back into loblolly pine.

Strata 5 (Stand 15)

Stand Description

This area (167 acres) is made up of a mature stand of predominately loblolly pine with smaller areas of large mature hardwoods mixed in.

Stand Recommendations

This stand has been managed as a loblolly pine timber stand throughout the rotation and can be harvested at any time given a good market and should be regenerated back into loblolly pine. The option of planting longleaf pine after harvest could be considered.

Activity Recommendation

Harvest

This stand will be harvested with a clear cut in 2014. Volumes to sale will be determined with a minimum of 10 % cruise.

Site Preparation

The area will be site prepared with an aerial broadcast herbicide application. Chemicals and rates will be determined based on the vegetation present at that time by a licensed applicator.

Burning of the area will reduce the logging slash allowing better planting of seedlings and killing any residual plants not affected by the herbicide treatment.

Regeneration

This area will be planted with genetically improved, containerized loblolly seedlings. Spacing will be done on an 8 foot by 10 foot spacing, yielding 544 seedlings per acre.

Strata 6 (Stand 7)

Stand Description

This strata consists of approximately 26 acres of loblolly pine pulpwood, planted in 1996 and is overstocked and needs thinning. Site was harvested prior to planting in 1995.

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Stand Recommendations

This stand will be managed as a loblolly pine plantation throughout the rotation and be harvested at maturity to be regenerated back into loblolly pine.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

Our plans are to conduct a first thinning operation in 2012, with a pay as cut harvester select thinning. Corridors to be cut by buyer to allow access because of poor row integrity. Corridors will not be wider than 20 feet and at a minimum of 30 feet apart. Remaining basal area will be 70-80 sq. feet per acre, made up of crop trees which is considered to be potentially sawtimber quality. Trees to be thinned will only be pulpwood size, lower quality form, overcrowded suppressed or diseased stems.

Harvest

This stand should require the second thinning to reduce basal area by the year 2018. This thinning should be predominately chip and saw and small sawtimber.

Fire Protection

A prescribed burn should be carried out on this property in the late fall or early winter of 2013, 2017 and 2021 and be repeated on a two or three year rotation thereafter. Prescribed fire when used correctly can greatly benefit the health and vigor of a stand. It reduces the undesirable tree species that often crowd out or suppress pines. These unwanted understory trees and shrubs species not only compete for water, nutrients, and growing space, but often contain dead needles and leaves that act as ladder fuels allowing a fire to climb into the overstory crowns. Prescribed fire also reduces the hazardous fuel loads within the stand and prevents damage in the event of a wildfire.

Strata 7 (Stand 6)

Stand Description

This strata consists of approximately 70 acres of loblolly pine pulpwood, planted in 2001 and is overstocked and needs thinning. Site was harvested prior to planting in 2000.

Stand Recommendations

This stand will be managed as a loblolly pine plantation throughout the rotation and be harvested at maturity to be regenerated back into loblolly pine.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

Our plans are to conduct a first thinning operation in 2016, with a pay as cut harvester select thinning. Corridors to be cut by buyer to allow access because of poor row

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integrity. Corridors will not be wider than 20 feet and at a minimum of 30 feet apart. Remaining basal area will be 70-80 sq. feet per acre, made up of crop trees which is considered to be potentially sawtimber quality. Trees to be thinned will only be pulpwood size, lower quality form, overcrowded suppressed or diseased stems.

Fire Protection

A prescribed burn should be carried out on this property in the late fall or early winter of 2017 and 2021 and be repeated on a two or three year rotation thereafter. Prescribed fire when used correctly can greatly benefit the health and vigor of a stand. It reduces the undesirable tree species that often crowd out or suppress pines. These unwanted understory trees and shrubs species not only compete for water, nutrients, and growing space, but often contain dead needles and leaves that act as ladder fuels allowing a fire to climb into the overstory crowns. Prescribed fire also reduces the hazardous fuel loads within the stand and prevents damage in the event of a wildfire.

DISCLAIMER

This information was derived from a small sampling of the forest resources. It reflects a statistical estimation that is only intended to be accurate enough for the purposes of making decisions for the short-term management of these resources. These estimations are temporally static. Events and circumstances may occur within the survey area that will physically alter the forest resources and therefore will not be reflected in this plan.

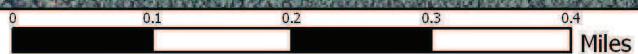


JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOLS

WORK CENTER
2012 to 2021
626.90 Acres



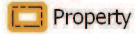
(12/22/2011)



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Property



Property

Category 1: Stands

- Clear Cut
- Non-Stocked
- Reproduction
- Sub-Merchantable
- Pulpwood
- Chip-n-Saw
- Sawtimber
- Poles

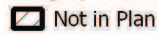
Category 2: Stands

- Clear Cut
- Non-Stocked
- Reproduction
- Sub-Merchantable
- Pulpwood
- Chip-n-Saw
- Sawtimber
- Poles

Category 3: Non-Forest Stands

- Non-Forest

Category 4: Not in Plan Stands



Not in Plan

Category 5: Features Only Plan Stand



Features Only Plan

Restricted Sites

- Archeology
- Cemetery
- Red-Cockaded Woodpecker
- Gopher Tortoise
- Picture Bogg Plant

Property Roads/Trails

- Drive Ways
- Access Road
- Logging Road
- Skid Trail
- Farm Road
- Hiking Trail
- Horseback Riding Trail

Boundary Lines

- Archeology
- Cemetery
- Drilling Sites
- Education

Boundary Lines (cont)

- Forest Health
- Invasive Species
- Management Compartment
- Military Area
- Natural Area
- Property
- Recreation
- Rights of Way
- SMZ
- Special Use
- Stand
- Surface Mining
- Threatened/Endangered Species
- Visual Buffer

Utilities (Lines)

- Large Electrical
- Local Utility
- Large Pipeline
- Small Pipeline
- Gas Line
- Utility Line
- Water Line

Stand Activity Schedule for
Jefferson County Schools
16 8N 2E

Strata	Stand	Activity	Acre	Est. Cost	Est. Revenue
2012					
2	1	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	111	\$3,885.00	\$13,379.94
6	7	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	26	\$910.00	\$9,006.92
Yearly Totals			137	\$4,795.00	\$22,386.86
2013					
6	7	Fire Protection, Other, Burn, Hand, Hazard Mitigation	26	\$780.00	\$0.00
Yearly Totals			26	\$780.00	\$0.00
2014					
5	15	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	167	\$5,845.00	\$368,736.00
Yearly Totals			167	\$5,845.00	\$368,736.00
2015					
2	1	Fire Protection, Other, Burn, Hand, Hazard Mitigation	111	\$3,330.00	\$0.00
5	15	Site Preparation, Other, Burn, Hand, Cut-Over	167	\$5,010.00	\$0.00
Yearly Totals			278	\$8,340.00	\$0.00
2016					
5	15	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Aerial, Combination	167	\$18,370.00	\$0.00
5	15	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	167	\$18,370.00	\$0.00
7	6	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	71	\$2,485.00	\$24,041.31
Yearly Totals			405	\$39,225.00	\$24,041.31
2017					
1	2	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	28	\$980.00	\$38,920.00
1	13	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	25	\$875.00	\$37,750.00

Strata	Stand	Activity	Acre	Est. Cost	Est. Revenue	
3	4	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	19	\$665.00	\$26,752.00	
3	10	Harvest, Mechanical, Regeneration, Machine, Loblolly	38	\$1,330.00	\$65,792.06	
6	7	Fire Protection, Other, Burn, Hand, Hazard Mitigation	26	\$780.00	\$0.00	
7	6	Fire Protection, Other, Burn, Hand, Hazard Mitigation	71	\$2,130.00	\$0.00	
			Yearly Totals	207	\$6,760.00	\$169,214.06
2018						
1	2	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Aerial, Combination	28	\$3,080.00	\$0.00	
1	2	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	28	\$3,080.00	\$0.00	
1	13	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Aerial, Combination	25	\$2,750.00	\$0.00	
1	13	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	25	\$2,750.00	\$0.00	
2	1	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	111	\$3,885.00	\$52,084.53	
3	4	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	19	\$2,090.00	\$0.00	
3	4	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Hand, Combination	19	\$2,090.00	\$0.00	
3	10	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	38	\$4,180.00	\$0.00	
3	10	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Hand, Woody	38	\$4,180.00	\$0.00	
6	7	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	26	\$910.00	\$8,038.94	
			Yearly Totals	357	\$28,995.00	\$60,123.47
2021						
6	7	Fire Protection, Other, Burn, Hand, Hazard Mitigation	26	\$780.00	\$0.00	
7	6	Fire Protection, Other, Burn, Hand, Hazard Mitigation	71	\$2,130.00	\$0.00	
			Yearly Totals	97	\$2,910.00	\$0.00
			Grand Totals	1,674	\$97,650.00	\$644,501.70