

FOREST STEWARDSHIP MANAGEMENT PLAN

Prepared For: Lincoln County School

Prepared By: Howard A Stogner MFC

Time Period Covered by This Plan: 2012 - 2021

Date Plan Prepared: 2012-01-24

Plan Type: Stewardship / Stewardship

This plan was developed in accordance with the rules of the Stewardship program.

Property Name: 16 - 8 North - 7 East

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LANDOWNER INFORMATION

Organization: Lincoln County School Board Name: Lincoln County School

Mailing Address: P. O. Box 826

City, State, Zip: Brookhaven, MS 39602 Country: United States of America

Contact Numbers: Home Number:

Office Number: 601-835-0011 Fax Number: 601-833-3030

E-mail Address:

Social Security Number (optional): 646000627

FORESTER INFORMATION

Name: Howard A Stogner, Service Forester

Forester Number: 01428 Organization: MFC

Street Address: 214 South First Street City, State, Zip: Brookhaven, MS 39601

Contact Numbers: Office Number: 601-833-8563

Fax Number: 601-833-5089

E-mail Address: hstogner@mfc.state.ms.us

PROPERTY LOCATION

County: Lincoln Total Acres: 645 Latitude: -90.51 Longitude: 31.66

Section: 16 Township: 8N Range: 7E

INTRODUCTION

This Forest Stewardship Management Plan will serve as a guide for accomplishing the goals and objectives for your property. In addition to addressing your specific goals and objectives, this plan includes recommendations for maintaining soil and water quality and protecting your forest from insects, disease, and wildfire. Recommendations are based on observation and assessment of the site.

OBJECTIVES

Fire Protection

The goal is to protect the resource from wildfires, by establishing and maintaining firebreaks around the property; annually inspect possible signs of insect infestations and disease; and prohibit grazing until terminal bud is beyond reach of livestock.

Timber Production

The goal is to produce high quality sawtimber. This will be accomplished through reforestation and timber stand improvement practices such as herbicide applications, prescribed burning, thinning at specified intervals, and other silvicultural practices. Forestry Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and protect water quality.

Water Quality

Streamside management zones have or will be established along the stream and a protective vegetative zone maintained along the perimeter. Water diversions will be installed and maintained where needed on access roads to prevent erosion.

Wildlife Management - General

The goal is to provide a diversity of habitats suitable for a variety of game and non-game wildlife species. Habitat management will focus on developing a variety of food, cover, water, and space. This will be accomplished by establishing and maintaining access roads and firelanes, providing openings within the forest, and the management of trees located within the Streamside Management Zone

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

General Property Information

This section is located in the Red Star Community. The section has good access from 3 different county roads. The section is bordered on the east by Old Saint John's Road. Old Red Star Road cuts though the section on the south side, with Walker Lane going through the middle of the section north south. The topography of the section is gently rolling to very steep along the northern section line. The section can be prescribed burned using any type of easterly wind direction. The soils limit equipment use to the summer and fall months to protect the land from erosion hazards.

Archeological or Cultural Resources

These areas can range from churches, old cemeteries, natural springs, Indian mounds to homesites or other areas of historical significance.

Several home sites exist on non-forested areas - see attached map. They are apart of farm residential leases, there are no forest management activities scheduled to occur inside these identified areas.

Water Resources

No perennial water resources were identified during a reconnaissance of the property. However, intermittent streams and drains identified will be managed in accordance with Mississippi's Best Management Practices.

Timber Production

The goal is to maximize the production of high quality timber. This will be accomplished through the application of timely thinning and other silvicultural practices designed to enhance timber quality and growth. Forestry Best Management Practices will be implemented to prevent erosion and protect water quality.

Threatened and Endangered Species

No threatened and endangered species were identified during the reconnaissance and evaluation of your property.

Interaction with Surrounding Property

Prescribed practices should be carried out in a manner that will minimize adverse impacts on surrounding properties. Consideration should be given to potential air, water, visual, and other impacts. In addition, practices carried out should have positive effects on the surrounding community such as improved wildlife habitat and soil stabilization.

Soils General

Soils were evaluated on the property to determine the suitability of the site for the proposed activities. Forest practices were planned so as to minimize erosion or other adverse effects on the soil. The following soils are identified for this property:

GENERAL PROPERTY RECOMMENDATIONS

Forest Protection

A healthy vigorously growing stand is the best defense to an attack from a variety of forest insects, plants and pathogens.

Insects and Diseases

Trees are subject to attack from insects and diseases. Different insects and diseases affect trees according to the age, species, and condition of the trees. Planted stands of pines and pure stands of hardwoods are particularly susceptible to attack. Since there are many different insects and diseases, no attempt will be made here to explain all of them. The property should be inspected at least annually for possible signs of insect and disease activity. Some things to look for are:

- · Unseasonable leaf fall
- Discoloration of leaves or needles
- Pitch pockets on pine trees
- · Heavy defoliation of hardwood leaves
- Groups of three or more dying trees within a stand

This list does not cover all instances of insect or disease attacks. If anything unusual is noticed, report it to a forester. In most cases, insect and disease problems can be controlled if discovered early.

Fire Protection

Your forest should be protected from wildfire at all times. The best way to protect your investment is by establishing and maintaining firebreaks around the property. Guidelines for establishment and maintenance of firebreaks may be found in Mississippi Forestry Commission publication #107, *Mississippi's Best Management Practices*.

Grazing

Tree seedlings should be protected from grazing until such time as the terminal bud of the sapling is beyond reach of livestock. Domestic livestock should be denied access to the tree planting area.

Boundary Lines

It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that all property lines and boundaries designating areas to receive forestry work are clearly identified and visible to all contractors.

Note: Some forest practices may cause temporary adverse environmental or aesthetic impacts. These practices will only cause short-term adverse impacts where they are installed. Special efforts will be made to minimize adverse effects when carrying out any of the practices. Examples include: site preparation, planting, prescribed fires, firebreak installation and maintenance, road installation and maintenance, pesticide applications and timber harvesting.

Water Quality Protection

The objective of the landowner is to protect, preserve and enhance all water sources on or transecting the property. This can best be achieved by implementation of Best Management Practices in all aspects of the management of the property.

Wildlife Management General

The goal is to provide a diversity of habitats suited for a variety of game and non-game wildlife species. Habitat management will focus on providing a variety of food, cover, water, and space. This will be accomplished, in part, by establishing and maintaining access roads and firelanes, providing openings within the forest, and leaving mast producing and den trees.

Timber Management

Timber management goals for this property are to manage timber resources in such a manner as to maximize timber production throughout the life of the stand.

SOIL TYPES

Providence

The Providence component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 5 to 8 percent. This component is on uplands. The parent material consists of silty loess over sandy marine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fragipan, is 18 to 38 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is moderate. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 18 inches during January, February, March. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 4e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 87. Longleaf Site Index = 73.

Ruston

The Ruston component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 17 to 35 percent. This component is on coastal plains. The parent material consists of loamy fluviomarine deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 86. Longleaf Site Index = 69. Slash Site Index = 85.

Guin

The Guin component makes up 90 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 17 to 40 percent. This component is on hillslopes on hills. The parent material consists of gravelly alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is low. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. There is no zone of water saturation within a depth of 72 inches. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 2 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 7e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria.

Gu

Generated brief soil descriptions are created for major soil components. The Gullied land is a miscellaneous area. Loblolly Site Index = 68.

Bude

The Bude component makes up 95 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 2 to 5 percent. This component is on uplands. The parent material consists of loess deposits. Depth to a root restrictive layer, fragipan, is 18 to 40 inches. The natural drainage class is somewhat poorly drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately low. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is high. Shrink-swell potential is moderate. This soil is not flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 11 inches during January, February, March, April. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 3e. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 90.

Falaya

The Falaya component makes up 85 percent of the map unit. Slopes are 0 to 2 percent. This component is on flood plains. The parent material consists of silty alluvium. Depth to a root restrictive layer is greater than 60 inches. The natural drainage class is moderately well drained. Water movement in the most restrictive layer is moderately high. Available water to a depth of 60 inches is very high. Shrink-swell potential is low. This soil is occasionally flooded. It is not ponded. A seasonal zone of water saturation is at 24 inches during January, February, March, November, December. Organic matter content in the surface horizon is about 1 percent. Nonirrigated land capability classification is 2w. This soil does not meet hydric criteria. Loblolly Site Index = 90.

STRATA

Strata 1

Stand Description

This strata is composed of stands 2, 7, 9, 17, 47, And 49. This 18 year old loblolly pine stand is planted on a harvested site with a herbicide application after planting. The terrain is gently rolling to steep with heavy equipment use limited to summer and fall months due to the soil type. The basal area after the first thinning is 85 square feet. The site index for pine is 90 feet at a base age of 50 years. This strata is 109 acres in size.

Stand Recommendations

This strata will need to be thinned to increase growth and improve stand vigor. This will be done by thinning down to 80 square feet of basal area to open the stand to receive more sunlight and nutrients. Then a herbicide will be applied to control woody vegetation after sunlight re-enters the strata.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

This strata will be thinned for the second time to improve growth and to remove competition from under preforming stems in the stand. This will be done by using a operator select thinning method that will promote the best stems to be left to grow to sawtimber size, this will be done in 2015.

Vegetation Control

This strata will need herbicide applied to the stand to control competing vegetation that will be present after the stand is thinned. This herbicide will be applied based on label rates and timing. The herbicide application will follow all best management guidelines. This will be done in 2016.

Strata 2

Strata Description

This strata is made up of stands 31, 69, 37, 56 60, and 62. The strata is composed of mixed pines with patches of hardwood scattered within the stand. The average age of the trees is 64 years old and has a basal area of 70 square feet. The site index for this strata soils is 90 feet at a base age of 50 years. The strata is 132 acres in size. This strata has been damaged in the past by a tornado, and the harvest waited until the lease was converted to a hunting/fishing and agricultural lease fro farm/residential.

Stand Recommendations

This strata is economically mature and will need to be harvested and converted to pine to maximize timber revenue. This harvest will be in accordance with Best Management Practices.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

The timber will be harvested to remove all merchantable timber within the stand and then converted into a better revenue producing stand. This will be done in 2012.

Site Preparation

This strata will need to have herbicide applied to control woody and herbaceous species. The herbicide will need to be applied according to the label rates and timing to insure good vegetation control. This herbicide will be applied aerially to the stand. This work will be done in 2013.

Regeneration

This strata will planted with containerized loblolly pine. The seedling will be planted on 8 feet by 10 feet spacing (544 trees/acre). The use of containerized seedlings will allow for earlier planting of seedling to begin. This will increase survival of the seedlings planted. The containerized seedlings offer better growth uniformity. This will be planted in 2013.

Strata 3

Stand Description

This strata is composed of stand 3. This 22 year old loblolly pine stand is planted on a harvested site without a herbicide application. The terrain is steep with heavy equipment use limited to summer and fall months due to the soil type. The basal area after the first thinning is 75 square feet. The site index for pine is 90 feet at a base age of 50 years. This strata is 45 acres in size.

Stand Recommendations

This strata will need to be thinned to increase growth and improve stand vigor. This will be done by thinning down to 80 square feet of basal area to open the stand to receive more sunlight and nutrients. Then a herbicide will be applied to control woody vegetation after sunlight re-enters the strata.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

This strata will be thinned for the second time to improve growth and to remove competition from under preforming stems in the stand. This will be done by using a operator select thinning method that will promote the best stems to be left to grow to sawtimber size, this will be done in 2015.

Vegetation Control

This strata will need herbicide applied to the stand to control competing vegetation that will be present after the stand is thinned. This herbicide will be applied based on label rates and timing. The herbicide application will follow all best management guidelines. This will be done in 2016.

Strata 4

Strata Description

This strata is made up of stands 5, 40, and 42. The strata is composed of mixed pines with patches of hardwood scattered within the stand. The average age of the trees is 39 years old and has a basal area of 110 square feet. The site index for this strata soils is 90 feet at a base age of 50 years. The strata is 57 acres in size.

Stand Recommendations

This stand is economically mature and will need to be harvested and converted to pine to maximize timber revenue. This harvest will be in accordance with Best Management Practices.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

The timber will be harvested to remove all merchantable timber within the stand and then converted into a better revenue producing stand. This will be done in 2019.

Site Preparation

This strata will need to have herbicide applied to control woody and herbaceous species. The herbicide will need to be applied according to the label rates and timing to insure good vegetation control. This herbicide will be applied aerially to the stand. This work will be done in 2020.

Regeneration

This strata will planted with containerized loblolly pine. The seedling will be planted on 8 feet by 10 feet spacing (544 trees/acre). The use of containerized seedlings will allow for earlier planting of seedling to begin. This will increase survival of the seedlings planted. The containerized seedlings offer better growth uniformity. This will be planted in 2020.

Strata 5

Strata Description

This strata is composed of mixed oaks, hickory, and other hardwoods. The strata in composed of stands 18,20,21, and 45. The basal area is 85 square feet with a site index of 90 feet for a base age of 50 years. The strata is 47 acres in size. This strata is predominately a bottomland hardwood site that will require Wetland Best Management Practices to be followed.

Stand Recommendations

This strata will be harvested as needed to protect the soils along the streamside management zones and environmentally sensitive areas.

Strata 6

Stand Description

This strata is composed of stand 70. This 22 year old loblolly pine stand is planted on a harvested site without a herbicide application. The terrain is gently rolling to steep with heavy equipment use limited to summer and fall months due to the soil type. The basal area is 105 square feet. The site index for pine is 90 feet at a base age of 50 years. This strata is 35 acres in size.

Stand Recommendations

This strata will need to be thinned to increase growth and improve stand vigor. This will be done by thinning down to 80 square feet of basal area to open the stand to receive more sunlight and nutrients. Then a herbicide will be applied to control woody vegetation after sunlight re-enters the strata.

Activity Recommendations

Harvest

This strata will be thinned for the first time to improve growth and to remove competition from under preforming stems in the stand. This will be done by using a operator select thinning method that will promote the best stems to be left to grow to sawtimber size. This thinning is to be done in 2014.

Vegetation Control

This strata will need herbicide applied to the stand to control competing vegetation that will be present after the stand is thinned. This herbicide will be applied based on label rates and timing. The herbicide application will follow all best management guidelines. This will be done in 2015.

OTHER PLAN ACTIVITIES

Boundary Lines

Line Description

The boundary lines are being maintained to protect the school board property from trespass.

Line Recommendations

The boundary lines will need to be maintained on a 5 to 6 year rotation. The lines will be repainted 2012.

Activity Recommendations

Property Activities

Routine inspections and general maintenance of the roads, Firelanes, and boundary lines will ensure overall appearance and aesthetics of the property.

DISCLAIMER

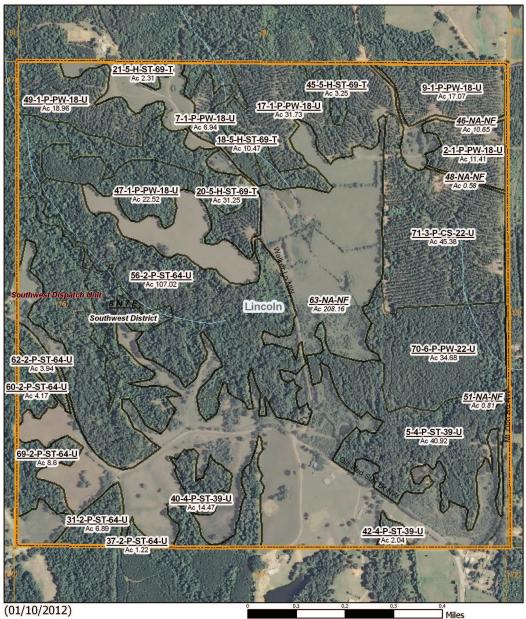
This information was derived from a small sampling of the forest resources. It reflects a statistical estimation that is only intended to be accurate enough for the purposes of making decisions for the short-term management of these resources. These estimations are temporally static. Events and circumstances may occur within the survey area that will physically alter the forest resources and therefore will not be reflected in this plan.



Lincoln County Board of Education

Section 16, Township 8 North, Range 7 East, Lincoln County, MS 2008 to 2021 645 Acres





Plan::0045 00017 28085 04212008141134



B	December Commen	December 11 and 4 and 5	Cabard Land Classification
Property	Boundary Corners	Boundary Lines (cont)	School Land Classification
Property	PropertySection	Forest Health	Forest Land Farm/Residential Land
Category 1: Stands	Ouarter Section	Invasive Species Management Compartment	Residential Land
Clear Cut	Areas	Military Area	Agricultural Land
Non-Stocked	Aleas	Natural Area	Industrial Land
Reproduction	Structures	Property	Recreational Land
Sub-Merchantable	Barn	Recreation	Catfish Farming Land
Pulpwood	Tractor Shed	Rights of Way	Other Land
Chip-n-Saw	Out Building	SMZ	Commercial Land
Sawtimber	Single-Family	Special Use	
Poles	Multi-Family	Stand	Management Compartment
	Camp House	Surface Mining	Management
Category 2: Stands	Club House	Threatened/Endangered Specie	
Clear Cut	 Office Building 	Visual Buffer	Site Preparation
Non-Stocked	Manufacturing	The state of the s	Post Plant
Reproduction	Warehouse	Fire Control	Site Improvement
Sub-Merchantable	Chicken House	Temporary Line	Vegetation Control
Pulpwood	Horse Stall	Permanent Fire Break	Stand Improvement
Chip-n-Saw	Milking Parlor		Invasive Species Control
Sawtimber	Hog Pen	Wildlife (Lines)	Harvest
Poles	Blind	Green Strip	Fire Protection
Table 1 and 1 and 1 and 1 and 1	Stand		Technical
Category 3: Non-Forest Stands	H Hospital	Fire	Wildlife Management
Non-Forest	H Nursing Home	Mitigation Burn	Property Activities
	H Dr. Clinic	Silviculture Burn	Roads
Category 4: Not in Plan Stands	H State Facility	Site-Prep Burn	SMZ
Not in Plan	Office	Wildfire	Forest Health
	Work Center		Recreation
Category 5: Features Only Plan Star		School Land Lease	Site Restoration
Features Only Plan	Prison	Hunting	Tanana tatian (Linna)
Restricted Sites	School	Minerals	Transportation (Lines)
	← Church Management Man	Recreation	City Streets
× Archeology	∯ Mosque	Restricted Area	County Roads
+ Cemetery	∯ Synagogue		3 Digit Highway
Red-Cockaded Woodpecker Copher Tortoise	Other	SMZ	Interstate Highway
▲ Gopher Tortoise	Cruise Plots	Archeology, Cemetery	US Highway State Highway
Picture Bogg Plant	Pre-Cruise	Visual Buffer	Natchez Trace Parkway
Forest Health (Points)	Post-Cruise	Special Use	Runways/Airports
* Cogan Grass	Post-Cruise	Natural Area	Active RR
* Kudzu	Other	Education	Abandoned RR
★ Japanese Climbing Fem	 Towers 	Recreation	
* Chinese Tallow	Logging Deck	Military Area	Hydrology (Lines)
* Privet	Locked	Large Utility	Mississippi River
▲ Southern Pine Beetle	UnLocked	Red-Cockaded Woodpecker	Major River
▲ Sirex Wasp	Water	Gopher Tortoise	Primary Stream
▲ IPPS	Oil	Picture Bogg Plant	Intermittent Stream
Sept. and Sept. S.	 Natural Gas 	Coal	S. Canal
Hydrology (Points)		Gravel	S Ditch
Concrete Dam	Property Roads/Trails	Dirt	Earthen Dam
Beaver Dam	□ Drive Ways	■ Water	Concrete Dam
Earthen Dam	Access Road	Oil	
Permanent	Logging Road	Natural Gas	Utilities (Lines)
Temporary	Skid Trail		Large Electrical
Wooden	Farm Road	Forest Health (Polygons)	Local Utility
Other	S Hiking Trail	Cogan Grass	Large Pipeline
	Horseback Riding Trail	Kudzu	Small Pipeline
Pond		Japanese Climbing Fern	Gas Line
	Boundary Lines	Chinese Tallow	Utility Line
Wildlife (Points)	Archeology	Privet	Water Line
Food Plot	Cemetery	Southern Pine Beetle	
Water Hole	Drilling Sites	Sirex Wasp	
Feeder	Education	IPPS	

Stand Activity Summary for Lincoln County School Board 16 8N 7E

Filters Applied: County: Client Class:

District:

Client: Lincoln County School Boa

STR: 16 8N 7E

Activity:

Year: 2012 Through 2021

STR	Strata	Stand	Activity	Acre	Est. Cost	Est. Revenue
2012						
16 8N 7E	2	31	Harvest, Mechanical, Final, Machine, Loblolly	7	\$516.75	\$8,440.25
16 8N 7E	2	37	Harvest, Mechanical, Final, Machine, Loblolly	1	\$91.50	\$1,494.50
16 8N 7E	2	56	Harvest, Mechanical, Final, Machine, Loblolly	107	\$8,025.00	\$131,075.00
16 8N 7E	2	60	Harvest, Mechanical, Final, Machine, Loblolly	4	\$312.75	\$5,108.25
16 8N 7E	2	62	Harvest, Mechanical, Final, Machine, Loblolly	4	\$295.50	\$4,826.50
16 8N 7E	2	69	Harvest, Mechanical, Final, Machine, Loblolly	9	\$645.00	\$10,535.00
			Yearly Totals	132	\$9,886.50	\$161,479.50
2013						
16 8N 7E	2	31	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	7	\$826.80	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	2	31	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Machine, Woody	7	\$826.80	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	2	37	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Machine, Woody	1	\$146.40	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	2	37	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	1	\$146.40	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	2	56	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Machine, Woody	107	\$12,842.40	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	2	56	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	107	\$12,842.40	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	2	60	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	4	\$500.40	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	2	60	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Machine, Woody	4	\$500.40	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	2	62	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Machine, Woody	4	\$472.80	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	2	62	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	4	\$472.80	\$0.00

STR	Strata	Stand	Activity	Acre	Est. Cost	Est. Revenue
16 8N 7E	2	69	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	9	\$1,032.00	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	2	69	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Machine, Woody	9	\$1,032.00	\$0.00
			Yearly Totals	264	\$31,641.60	\$0.00
2014						
16 8N 7E	6	70	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	35	\$1,225.00	\$18,341.40
			Yearly Totals	35	\$1.225.00	\$18.341.40
2015						
16 8N 7E	1	2	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	11	\$399.35	\$5,366.12
16 8N 7E	1	7	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	7	\$242.90	\$3,263.88
16 8N 7E	1	9	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	17	\$597.45	\$8,028.02
16 8N 7E	1	17	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	32	\$1,120.00	\$15,049.60
16 8N 7E	1	47	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	23	\$788.20	\$10,591.16
16 8N 7E	1	49	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	19	\$663.60	\$8,916.89
16 8N 7E	3	71	Harvest, Mechanical, Thin, Machine, Loblolly	45	\$1,588.30	\$23,780.94
16 8N 7E	6	70	getation Control, Chemical, MRVM (Mid Rotation Vegetative Mgmt), Machine, Woc	35	\$4,200.00	\$0.00
			Yearly Totals	189	\$9,599.80	\$74,996.61
2016						
16 8N 7E	1	2	getation Control, Chemical, MRVM (Mid Rotation Vegetative Mgmt), Machine, Woc	11	\$1,711.50	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	1	7	getation Control, Chemical, MRVM (Mid Rotation Vegetative Mgmt), Machine, Woc	7	\$1,041.00	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	1	9	getation Control, Chemical, MRVM (Mid Rotation Vegetative Mgmt), Machine, Woc	17	\$2,550.00	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	1	17	getation Control, Chemical, MRVM (Mid Rotation Vegetative Mgmt), Machine, Woc	32	\$4,759.50	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	1	47	getation Control, Chemical, MRVM (Mid Rotation Vegetative Mgmt), Machine, Woc	23	\$3,378.00	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	1	49	getation Control, Chemical, MRVM (Mid Rotation Vegetative Mgmt), Machine, Woc	19	\$2,844.00	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	3	71	getation Control, Chemical, MRVM (Mid Rotation Vegetative Mgmt), Machine, Woc	45	\$6,807.00	\$0.00

STR	Strata	Stand	Activity	Acre	Est. Cost	Est. Revenue
			Yearly Totals	154	\$23.091.00	\$0.00
2019						
16 8N 7E	4	5	Harvest, Mechanical, Final, Machine, Loblolly	41	\$1,435.00	\$69,700.00
16 8N 7E	4	40	Harvest, Mechanical, Final, Machine, Loblolly	14	\$506.45	\$24,599.00
16 8N 7E	4	42	Harvest, Mechanical, Final, Machine, Loblolly	2	\$71.40	\$3,468.00
		·	Yearly Totals	58	\$2.012.85	\$97.767.00
2020						
16 8N 7E	4	5	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Machine, Woody	41	\$4,910.40	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	4	5	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly		\$4,910.40	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	4	40	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	14	\$1,736.40	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	4	40	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Machine, Woody	14	\$1,736.40	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	4	42	Regeneration, Artificial, Plant, Hand, Loblolly	2	\$244.80	\$0.00
16 8N 7E	4	42	Site Preparation, Chemical, Broadcast, Machine, Woody		\$244.80	\$0.00
			Yearly Totals	115	\$13.783.20	\$0.00
			Grand Totals	946	\$91,239.95	\$352,584.51